1 P.M. EDITION

The Bay of Quinte Sun.

An Independent Daily Newspaper Consolidated for Picton, Trenton, Deseronto, Napanee, MadocTweed etc.

VOL. II NO 200 OFFICE OF PUBLICATION BELLEVILLE, ONT., MONDAY, MAY 11, 1896. 25 CENTS PER MONTH

THE
1 P.M. (NOON)
5 P.M. (EV'G.)
AND WEEKLY Sun

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Five o'clock edition Daily Sun, one year...$5 00
Five o'clock edition Daily Sun, half year... 2 50
Five o'clock edition Daily Sun, per week... 10
One o'clock Bay of Quinte Edition (issued at noon every day) forwarded by mail only, per year..... $ 3 00
Bay of Quinte Edition, per month..... 25
Weekly Edition, per annum..... 1 00

The above rates cover postal charges in Canada and the United States.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Measurement Nonpareil—12 lines to the inch.
Display advertisements.....10c per line.
Subsequent consecutive insertions,...5c per line.
Reading advertisements.....15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual and contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriages and Deaths, 50c each insertion. Births 25c. including Weekly.

Local notices, four lines or less, 50 cents first insertion, 25 cents each subsequent insertion.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted, For Sale, To-let, Lost, Found, Professional and Business Cards—twenty-five words or less—25 cents each insertion; each additional word one cent. Condensed advertisements when ordered for four consecutive insertions will be charged as three, and when ordered for six will be charged as four.

In calculating the cost of a condensed advertisement in either The Daily or Weekly SUN be careful to count initial letters, abbreviations, and dc. signs, each figure, words of address, etc. as full words.

NOTE TO ADVERTISERS.

The above rates apply to either daily or weekly All advertisements for daily appear in both 1 p. and 5 p. m. editions.

The advertiser will be held responsible for all typographical errors after first insertion unless notice of same is given previous to second appearance.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the publisher of THE SUN.

In all cases when parties have not an authorized open account with THE SUN, cash must accompany the order to secure attention.

All advertising rates subject to reduction if ordered for three months or more.

Address all communications to the company or to CAMERON BROWN, Editor and Managing Director.

Wanted.

Twenty-five words under this heading 25 cts. for one insertion. Four insertions for 75 cents. Six insertions for one dollar.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—ABOUT THE end of the month a working housekeeper. To a kind and competent person very liberal wages will be paid. Apply to THOS. STEWART, coal merchant Bridge street.

BOOKS POSTED AND PROPERLY [illegible] Terms: Head posting, address Box 3, SUN office.

A NEW THING—EXCLUSIVE MONOPOLY For one pushing man in each town. Liberal remuneration. Stamps for particulars. R. W. HANNAH, Toronto.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN; to help in the Armenian cause; good pay will send copy of my little book, "Your Place in Life," free to any who write. Rev. T. S. LINSCOTT, Brantford, Ont.

OLD STAMPS WANTED—25 TO 40 YEARS old. For many I pay 25c to $5. GEO. LOWE, 49 Adelaide street, Toronto.

WANTED—YOUNG OR MIDDLE AGED men of character. Hundreds foremost in Canada started with us. About $14 a week to begin with. THE BRADLEY-GARRETSON CO., LTD., Toronto, Ont.

For Sale or To Let.

Twenty five words under this heading 25 cts. for one insertion. Four insertions 75 cents. Six insertions for one dollar.

FOR SALE—LADIES' BICYCLE IN GOOD condition; will sell for $25 cash. Address P.O. Box 315, city.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE DESIRABLE brick house now occupied by W. A. Roblin, Esq., on Hillside street. Terms easy. Apply to THOS. HANLEY, contractor.

TO-LET CARDS ON SALE AT THE SUN Office. Very Cheap. SUN office, Belleville.

BLANK PAPER FOR WRAPPING PURposes can be bought cheap at THE SUN Job Department.

ROOMS SUITABLE FOR LIGHT MANUfacturing—In THE SUN block, first floor, Power can be arranged for at a low figure. Apply to S. S. LAZIER.

TO-LET—THE PREMISES LATELY OCcupied by THE SUN, consisting of store on Front street and five rooms in second story of East Robertson block. Apply to S. S. LAZIER.

TO-LET—THAT DESIRABLE RESIdence containing all the modern improvements, corner of Hotel and Albert streets; six bedrooms and bath room above; five rooms below; brick stable; lawn and garden. T. E. EWEN, 330 Albert street.

FOR SALE—THE LOT AND BRICK house on Moira street, two doors east of the corner grocery, opposite the upper bridge. A most convenient locality. Apply to S. S. LAZIER.

MANILLA AND WHITE PAPER FOR wrapping purposes. THE SUN, Belleville.

"PENCE" ENVELOPES, FOR CHURCH, collections, etc., for sale at THE SUN job department.

Lost and Found.

LOST—ON SATURDAY MORNING A GOLD brooch set with rubies. Finder will please leave at THE SUN office.

LOST—FRIDAY EVENING, BETWEEN the Gib on House and the Upper bridge, a large gold cameo brooch. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at the Gibson House

Livery.

NOTICE.—MORLEY SINE HAS PURchased the livery business of Charles Noseworthy, and is prepared to furnish stylish and new patrons with first-class accommodations in that line. New horses and rigs added. M. SINE Proprietor.

Hotels.

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN HOTEL.
D. COYLE, PROPRIETOR.
The Leading Hotel in Belleville. Rates, $1 to $1.50 per day.

BOARDERS WANTED, $3.50 to $3.50 per week
Taylor House (late Commercial House),
W. A. TAYLOR, Proprietor
Rates: $1 per day. Best Table Board in city

FIRST-CLASS BOARD At the Queen's Hotel. $3.50 per week. JOHN GRANT, Prop

"The Agency."

WHISPER!
Chas. Dickens wants to get hold of that suit of yours and steam clean and press it for you, making it "just like new." Office 355 Front street, opposite Clarke's drug store. The price is easy.

Dressmaking.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for $3—all who book their name as scholars will receive $150 course, consisting of over 200 styles including the latest Parisian novelties in wraps and the wonderful seamless princess dresses without a seam anywhere, for a tuition fee of $5. Call at once and book your name. Respectfully, MRS. B. BAKER, Everett street.

Legal.

W. C. MIKEL,
BARRISTER, ETC.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
Office: Bridge street.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER.
Offices—Bridge street, Belleville. Private funds to loan on real estate securities at lowest rates. Mortgages purchased.
Solicitor Hastings Loan & Investment Society.

C. E. LYONS,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY.
Office: Opposite postoffice.
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

CHARLES W. CRAIG,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
NOTARY, ETC., Tweed, Ont.

J. F. WILLS,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.
OFFICE. 9 Campbell Street, Belleville, Ont.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES of Interest.

M. WRIGHT,
BARRISTER, ETC., NOTARY PUBLIC,
East Robertson block, 315 Front street, Belleville, Ont.
Real estate loans negotiated.

LAW OFFICES OF LAZIER & LAZIER,
East Robertson Block, Front street.
Private funds to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Estates managed.
Agents for the Canada Permanent Loan & Savings Co. Telephone 568.

STEWART MASSON,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, ETC.
Solicitor for City of Belleville.
OFFICES:—Bridge street, Belleville, Ont.
Money to loan at lowest rates.

YOUNG & COOLEY,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS NOTARIES PUBLIC, CONVEYANCERS ETC. TRENTON.
Money to loan at lowest rates.
Offices: Cooley Block (opposite Molsons Bank Trenton, Ont.
Branch offices Frankford and Wooler.
S. J. YOUNG S. J. COOLEY.

Dental.

GEO. W. WALKER,
Dentist. Office corner of Bridge and Front streets, over Waters' drug store, entrance 3 doors from Front street on Bridge street.

Auctioneers.

J. W. MALLORY, AUCTIONEER FOR Belleville and County of Hastings. Farm and city property sold on terms to suit the times. Orders may be left at J. A. Chisholm's office, Ashley block, or at residence, 142 Hotel street.

J. G. DAVISON, THE OLD ESTABlished and popular auctioneer for Belleville, Hastings and Prince Edward. Rents, chattle mortgages, etc., collected satisfactorily. Prompt returns. Arrangements may be made at THE SUN ticket office.
Special Agent of the Ontario Mutual Life Insurance Co.

Insurance.

GEO. E. M'CARTHY,
GENERAL AGENT,
Temperance and General Life Assurance Company, Hastings and Prince Edward Counties.
Office of J. Lyons Biggar, Local Director. Belleville. Special Agent, F. S. Emmons.

AGENCY OF THE LIVERPOOL AND London and Globe Fire and Life Insurance Companies. W. P. HUDSON, Agent, Office Campbell street, Belleville.

Upholstering, Etc.

J. A. CORSAUL, FORMERLY WITH J. G. Fry, is prepared to do all kinds of refinishing and upholstering of furniture. Baby carriages and mattresses done over. Work done to order at low prices. Opposite the Meat Market square

Medical.

R. TRACY, M.D
CORONER COUNTY OF HASTINGS.
Office and residence, Hotel street, next door to Bank of Montreal.

DR. RYERSON,
60 College Street, Toronto.

Building Trades.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF Mr. W. F. Flynn, graduate of the New York School of Plumbing, and giving my whole attention to this line, employing none but first-class men, I solicit a share of your patronage.
JAMES OWEN, opposite Hotel Quinte. 'Phone 219.

LEWIS GRILLS,
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
Jobbing done at short notice, small or large jobs; rough or fine work done to order. Parties wanting work done or estimates given for work required will find it to there advantage to call at my shop in Nathan Jones' yard, back of Thompson's furniture store. I would thank all my old customers for their past favors and would solicit their continuance, and all others who will favor me with a call will find me ready and willing to oblige and satisfy to the best of my ability.

THOMAS HANLEY ARCHITECT AND builder Plans, specifications, details and estimates prepared for all kinds of buildings. Contracts taken at reasonable rates. Shop and office at Pringle's factory, north of Foot Bridge.

THE PREMIER

Sir Charles Tupper in Winnipeg.

His First Campaign Speech.

Interrupted by Rain on the Roof.

Hon. Hugh John Macdonald Presented with a Requisition Signed by Two Thousand Citizens, Asking Him to be Their Candidate—He Favors National Schools, but Demands Justice for the Minority—Sir Charles Dwells on the Live Topics of Interest to the People in the Prairie Province—Navigation on the Red River and the Hudson Bay Railway.

Winnipeg, Man., May 8.—(Special)—Several thousand people were packed like sardines in a box at the big skating rink building to-night to listen to Sir Charles Tupper deliver his opening speech of the Dominion campaign. It was a meeting such as Winnipeg has seldom seen, and in respect to numbers was perhaps never equalled. The big building was elaborately decorated with flags, bunting and mottoes. Among these mottoes were:

"1867, Macdonald-Tupper; 1896, Tupper-Macdonald"; "Peace, Progress and Prosperity"; "Welcome True Friend of Manitoba and Northwest"; "The Cumberland War Horse"; "A Great Statesman for a Great Nation"; "Representation and Development, not Obstruction," and many others of a similar character.

On the platform were representative Conservatives from every district in Manitoba. Before 8 o'clock the great building was densely crowded and until the arrival of the premier's party, the brass band played patriotic selections.

At half past [illegible] Sir Charles and the Hon. Hugh John arrived, and their appearance was the signal for tremendous cheering, while the band played "See the Conquering Hero Comes."

Hugh John Macdonald then declared until Sir Charles took the helm he had not the remotest intention of re-entering politics, but Sir Charles had been the true and trusted friend of his father, and had stood with him through good repute and evil repute, and when Sir Charles asked him to join his Government he could not refuse. He felt that with Sir Charles as his chief he could render valuable service to his adopted Province, and feeling so, his duty was clear. Then Hugh John took up the questions of the day, dealing first with the school question, which he carefully reviewed. He was now, and always had been, a supporter of National schools and while he had protested against the brutal manner in which they had been brought about, he had felt they were a move in the right direction. But when the Privy Council of England decided that an injustice had been done the Catholics, that they had suffered under a grievance, he had taken the position that they were entitled to reasonable redress. The Manitoba Catholics had been done an injury and the Manitoba Government should have given the remedy. But because the Manitoba Government found it could make capital out of the question, it refused to give justice. If Manitoba refused to give justice, the Federal Government was forced to.

He ridiculed Mr. Laurier's proposition to send a commission to Manitoba, headed by Sir Oliver Mowat, to investigate. There was nothing to investigate. The facts were known. It was notorious that Sir Oliver had for years won his elections on this Separate school question. He asked the National school supporters of Manitoba how much better off they would be if they had Sir Oliver Mowat to settle the school question. How did they think he would settle it? Was his record for National schols, or was it for Separate schools?

On Hugh John taking his seat he was cheered for several minutes, the band playing "He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

Perhaps the most significant incident in connection with Hugh John's speech was when at the outset he declared he endorsed on principle National schools. The tremendous cheering which followed this declaration showed that the immense audience also endorsed National schools. Hugh John's statement that Catholics had a grievance which must be redressed did not appear to strike the sympathetic chord. Indeed, there was every sign of dissent

Sir Charles was then presented with an address of welcome from the Conservatives of the west, read by Mr. George Gale. On rising to reply, Sir Charles received a very cordial greeting, the vast audience rising and cheering him heartily. Sir Charles said of the reception accorded himself and his colleague, Hugh John, that the demonstrations of last night and to-night were more enthusiastic than any he could call to mind in his 40 years of political life. Such demonstration should he never forget. First, Sir Charles entered upon an attack on the Liberal party, charging it with utter incapacity. This incapacity was demonstrated when it tried to grapple with the Canadian Pacific Railway system during its five years of office.

The Premier contrasted the Liberal failure with Conservative success in the building of this railway and developing the great west. Sir Charles did not hesitate to take much credit for the undertaking, and he charged that if the Liberal party had had its way the development of the west would have been delayed for many years. Sir Charles then entered upon a eulogy of the policy of protection and dilated upon the benefit Canada had reaped from it. He was in the middle of this when a heavy rain falling on the tin sheeted roof of the rink building rendered his voice inaudible, and he was compelled to resume his seat.

The band played for a quarter of an hour, then Sir Charles was able to proceed. Contrasting Canada's progress with that of other nations, he declared it remarkable, and the manner in which Canada had passed through the period of depression which swept over all countries, had challenged the admiration of the world.

Then Sir Charles entered upon an array of figures which demonstrated conclusively the benefits derived by Canada under the fiscal policy of the Conservative Government. Dealing with the debt of the Dominion, he recounted what Canada had to show for it, declaring that Canada's public works and institutions were such as any nation might be proud of. Canada, under Conservative rule, had much to show for its expenditures. It had accomplished vast public works, yet it was a remarkable fact that the debt per capita was to-day less than when the Liberals went out of office.

Taking up the question of Imperial Federation, Sir Charles declared that the adoption of preferential trade was not of less consequence to the people of Canada than even the National Policy of protection. He had made a careful study of Imperial Federation in England, where the battle for it had to be fought, and was convinced that it was feasible and practicable if indeed not an absolute necessity. England's greatest statesmen were to-day looking anxiously to Canada and other colonies of Britain to supply them with their greatest needs, and well they might, when it was known that England to-day with its decreased and decreasing acreage, was able to produce itself only [illegible] of the food supply it required.

The threat of war by America would give an impetus to Imperial Federation, and it had shown Britain's statesmen the necessity of cementing the union between Britain's colonies. Imperial Federation and preferential duties would settle up Manitoba more rapidly than any one yet had ever hoped or dreamed.

To the West preferential trade was of vital import. Bring it about and the development of the Northwest would be so rapid, that the world would be astonished.

Then Sir Charles took up the questions of the Hudson Bay Railway and the improvement of Red River navigation, and aroused great enthusiasm by his references to these matters, which reference he prefaced by a challenge to any man to point to any pledge made to his countrymen in his forty years of public life he had not fulfilled. The Canadian Pacific Railway, he said, had found its greatest friend in him, and as such a friend, he could point to the fact that soon the Canadian Pacific would be helpless to handle the vast grain production of the Canadian West. He could see Hudson's Bay Railway was rapidly becoming a necessity. It was a work that demanded immediate attention, and he pledged his Government to aid it.

He also promised to improve Red River navigation, and declared that the Government would have made a grant for it last session but for senseless opposition, which came from the last quarter it had been looked for, the opposition of Winnipeg's own representative.

The fast Atlantic steamship service was briefly touched upon and endorsed by Sir Charles, as was also the proposition for improved defences.

On the question of Manitoba schools, Sir Charles declared he was prepared to speak on this as on all other questions, fearlessly and honestly. The act of 1871 had given Catholics the privilege of their own schools, and the act of 1890 had taken this privilege from them. That they had suffered a grievance in this respect, was undoubted. The Privy Council of England declared they had a grievance, and this grievance, in all honor and justice, should be remedied. Under the Canadian constitution, Catholics had the right to claim redress. They had this claim under a clause which had been placed in the constitution at the request from a Protestant source for Protestant protection. Because we had hostility to the Separate school system, we could not say we could tear up the leaf in the constitution which gave the Catholics the right to claim redress. Sir Charles said he appealed for the feeble Catholic minority of Manitoba no matter what the opinion was in regard to Separate schools. Had the Protestants of Quebec been treated as were the Catholics of Manitoba to-day, it would have been the other ox that was gored, and every Protestant pulpit in the land would have rung with denunciation. Where was there a man with a head on his shoulders and brain in that head, who would say that in the interests of National schools, it was wise to turn out the present Government and put in power a Roman Catholic and Frenchman as Premier?

He appealed to the people of Manitoba to exercise toleration and a spirit of justice in this school question. He earnestly desired its settlement, for it was doing the country incalculable harm and giving envious enemies of the Dominion in other lands a weapon to strike a blow at Canada's progress. He would never consent to do injustice to any of his fellow-citizens, be they Catholic or Protestant. The feeble Catholic minority of Manitoba were as much entitled to justice and protection, as the strong, overwhelming Protestant majority, and as a statesman, he would be unworthy of him if did he not stand firmly for equal justice to all classes, great or small.

The rain again rendered it impossible for Sir Charles to be heard. He closed in a prediction of success, and even a larger majority for the Conservative party at the coming election.

CLARKE AND OSLER

Chosen as the Conservative Candidates for West Toronto.

Toronto, May 9.

Mr. W. D. McPherson, who presided at the convention in West Toronto last night, entered the hall from the room in the rear shortly before 12 o'clock and declared the result of the first ballot to be as follows: Number of votes necessary for a nomination, 192; E. F. Clarke, 247. I therefore declare Mr. Clarke selected as one of the Conservative candidates for West Toronto. No other candidate has received the necessary number of votes, and it will therefore be in order to have a second ballot. I also announce that Mr. Ald. Graham received the smallest number of votes, namely, [illegible], therefore he will retire. One voting paper was blank, and another was spoiled.

On a call being made as to how the other candidates stood Mr. McPherson announced: Osler 175, Robinson 155.

After a few other preliminaries Chairman McPherson announced that the second ballot would take place, and that each delegate would vote for one man only. Accordingly the papers were distributed, the delegates voted, the scrutineers collected the ballots, retired to an inner room and a few minutes afterwards returned to the meeting. Mr. McPherson on their behalf, announced that Mr. Osler had received 219 votes and Mr. Robinson 157, out of 376 ballots which had been cast.

Mr. Osler's success in carrying the convention was greeted with loud cheers.

In the meantime, while the second vote was being taken Mr. Clarke received the congratulations of all his friends, and it goes without saying that he was more than delighted with the result.

When the second ballot was announced Mr. Osler was the happy recipient of any amount of congratulations. While these were being extended Mr. Robinson came to the front and said he was content to abide by the decision of the convention. He said he had fought a good fight in a good cause, and that he would do his utmost to elect the candidates selected at the forthcoming election, and that he had no doubt of the result. He therefore moved to make the nominations unanimous.

Ald. Graham thereupon stepped forward and seconded Mr. Robinson's motion, which on being put was carried with great cheers.

The candidates elected one after the other thanked the meeting for the confidence reposed in them, stating they would do their best to uphold the cause and each pledged himself to do what he could to secure the return of his colleague.

THE CROP OUTLOOK.

What the Ontario Government's Spring Bulletin Will Say.

Toronto, May 9.

The Ontario Department of Agriculture will shortly issue a spring bulletin on crops. It will say that the prospects for fall wheat are not of the best; clover fair. Vegetation has been remarkably early in nearly every section. In live stock, horses have come through the winter in fair condition, though fodder has been scarce. Horned cattle are in better shape than was to be expected. Farm supplies are reported plentiful. While hay shows a shortage, oats are still amundant, and the early growth of the grass has been a great benefit. Wheat is said to be rather scarce, but some correspondents say an offer of $1 a bushel would bring out a surprisingly large quantity There are more farm hands than required and wages are low.

THE CANADIAN CREES.

Uncle Sam Will Spend $5000 in Bringing Them to Our Boundary.

Washington, May 8.—Mr. Cannon (Rep., Ill.), introduced a bill in Congress appropriating $5000 to enable the President, by the use of the army or otherwise, to deport the Canadian Cree Indians in Montana and deliver them to the Canadian authorities at the international boundary. Mr. Cannon explained that the Canadian authorities had agreed to receive and become responsible for them if delivered at once on the border. The bill was passed.

West Huron Liberals.

Dungannon, May 8.—The largest and most enthusiastic Liberal convention ever held in West Huron was held here to-day. Every municipality was fully represented, and President McGillicuddy occupied the chair. Mr. M. C. Cameron, the old member was nominated by J. T. Garrow, M.L.A., seconded by ex-Warden Garven. Mr. Cameron acceded to the will of the convention, and his statement that he would once more be the candidate was received with enthusiasm, and addresses were made by Messrs. Pedley, McKenzie, Garrow, Gaunt, Griffin, Farran, Stewart, Harry Morris and Thomas Sloan, after which the meeting adjourned with cheers for Cameron, Laurier, Mowat and the Queen.

Accident Insurance Coupon.

DEATH FROM ACCIDENT.

$100.00. One Hundred Dollars will be paid by **The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation (Ltd.)**, to the next of kin of any one who is killed by an accident, provided the person so killed had upon his or her person or in his or her luggage, or had left at home, this coupon ticket of the latest issue of THE BELLEVILLE SUN newspaper previous to the date of accident, with his or her signature written in ink or pencil in the space provided, which is the essence of this contract.

Signature.....

No person can recover under more than one coupon ticket in respect of the same risk.

This coupon of insurance does not apply to suicides or persons under 16 or over 70 years of age. Do not cut out the coupon

The Daily Sun.

S. A. LAZIER, President.
R. J. GRAHAM, Vice-President,
HENRY PRINGLE, Sec'y-Treas,
CAMERON BROWN, Editor and Man. Director.

Independent in politics and aggressive in the interests of the Midland District.

SUNBEAMS.

It is generally believed that Flynn, the new premier of Quebec, is not a Frenchman.

***

Readers of papers controlled by party interests are finding it necessary to make a generous allowance for exaggerations these days.

***

Hildreth, a train-wrecker, was sentenced to imprisonment for life at Rome, N.Y. The death penalty would not have been too severe a sentence for his diabolical crime.

***

Belleville is donning its pretty summer costume again and there has been no change in style. Her dress is a bit old-fashioned, perhaps, but it is always beautiful and becoming.

***

The Mail and Empire says: "Sir Mackenzie Bowell could not have chosen a better place in which to enjoy his well-earned otium cum dignitate than Belleville, the home of his boyhood, the charming city on the pleasant Bay of Quinte. Its shady avenues, gentle slopes, beautiful gardens, and many elegant residences, suggest those urban retreats in which distinguished Roman senators and consuls loved to pass the evening of their lives in leisure and philosophic ease. And the city is proud of its great citizen, who comes back to it at the close of a long and splendid career with his reputation unsullied. Most graceful and becoming was the action of the City Council in making his return the subject of a complimentary resolution. Sir Mackenzie deserves all honor on his own account, and some little because he is Canada's only living ex-Premier."

FALSE LOCKS.

Unbleached White Hair Brings the Highest Price.

Nearly all the false hair used in this country comes from Paris, or at least, is made up there The supply is drawn from all over the world, but Germany and France furnish the most Paris wig-makers are the most skilful in the world, and the best specimens find their way to the Parisian market to be made up into scalp coverings for those who can afford to pay the prices asked There are many Paris houses which deal in wigs and the like that keep men constantly travelling over Europe buying hair from anyone that cares to sell the battery. The most comes from the blonde locks of the German girls are most sought after, and sometimes big prices are paid to induce them to part with their crowning glory The poor peasant women of the continent are generally very ready to sell, and some of them make a practice of selling to the agents of Paris firms whenever their hair is long enough to make it worth buying. Each clipping is securely wrapped and shipped with others in a large bale to the workshops at Paris. Unbleached white hair brings the highest price if of a length of fifteen inches or more. It is hard to get, and has sold for as high at $35 to $40 an ounce Black or brown is more common, the former bringing $5 to $10 an ounce and the latter $8 to $8 Red hair is rarely wanted except for stage purposes, although there is on record an offer of $1,000 for a shock of red hair, scalp and all A wealthy Western man whose moustache was of a brick hue and who had lost scalp and hair in an accident, was the author of the offer. An impecunious Englishman with an auburn top accepted the offer, but withdrew when the surgeons were almost ready to operate. It is not told whether any other applicant ever appeared.

The Sin of Ignorance.

There are multitudes of people who do not see the importance of any great moral awakening until its principles are brought to their notice through some more popular and "taking" medium than plain statement of fact The cause and excuse for their unawakened energies in the direction of any good cause alike are found in the fact that there are so many other things constantly demanding their attention in this age of Christian endeavor. If one would secure the liveliest interest of men and women nowadays in favor of any good cause, he must present his case to them in a forcible way, else they will not be likely to take in its full significance. That the preservation of the Christain and civil Sabbath calls to-day for the whole-souled support of every person is a proposition as true as any which can be put on paper; yet it is a fact that many thoroughly good people do not give their best energies to the work, simply because nobody has interested them and nothing has started them into seeing the tremendous importance of this question. This is the fault of much of our "Sabbath" literature. The books which deal with the Sunday question do it in a general way. They fail, many of them, to illustrate by specific and familiar illustration what they try to prove, and so people are not properly impressed. But the pressure of various interests cannot wholly excuse Christians whom God expects to be as "a watch upon the towers" to guard against the approach of a foe, from informing themselves upon a question so vital to the interests of the nation as this. Every Christian citizen is in duty bound to know whether there are any real perils threatening the right keeping of the Sabbath, and if there are, to find out what is the best way to avert them, and what is their personal duty and responsibility in the case.

A STARVED MIND.

Why a Girl Shook Her Head When Dickens Was Mentioned.

It is a fact that the children who have had in abundance the old nursery tales, who have worn out numerous copies of Mother Goose, to whom Christmas and birthdays mean new books, of rhyme and story, being led thence by gradual steps to the uplands of history, poetry, and romance, seldom go down before the malignancy of the "blood and thunder" so freely offered them. It is the starved childhood that seizes and feeds upon these.

A girl of 12 years old had occasion to call at the home of a lady who had befriended her. Scattered about the floor of the sitting room were the books of a small nephew, among them a copy of Little Red Riding Hood. Her life, barren and hard, had known nothing of literature save her few school books. She picked up the volume and was soon absorbed in the story. When the lady came in, she extended it to her, saying eagerly: "Is it true?"

It was her first step in the realm of enchantment, but it came too late. She had experienced the real; it was hard, bitter. The same girl a few years later awaited her turn at the library, and begged the attendant to choose for her. The lady hesitated, then extending a volume by Dickens, said: "Will you have this?"

She shook her head, saying: "I tried to read one of his, once. He writes of rags and poverty and hard times. Give me something livelier, please."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Are The Jews Returning to Palestine?

In the Missionary Review of the World Rev H H Jessup of Beirut, Syria, considers the subject of the number of Jews in Palestine He answers with an emphatic "No" the question, "Is it true that the Jews are flocking back to the land of their fathers by thousands and tens of thousands, and that soon they will take possession of Canaan, restore their kingdom and rebuild their temple?" Dr Jessup gives consular statistics to show that in 1891 there were in Palestine proper only 45,031 Jews The Jews of Palestine are largely supported by the European rabbis' fund, receiving house rent and weekly rations from the common fund, thus encouraged in habits of idleness. The Rothschild colonies are conducted on the same pauperizing system. In 1893 Mr. Jessup visited two of the colonies, finding the first an unthrifty and forlorn affair, the colonists looking sickly and dejected. The second colony had a splendid agricultural site, but lies on the margin of the most pestilential marsh in Palestine. He says: "The whole impression made upon an observer with regard to these Jewish colonies is that they are forced, unnatural and of doubtful success. The pauperizing system which had made Jerusalem a great almshouse tends to demoralize the whole system of Palestine colonization. The entire scheme seems to be a kind of fad, which is being pursued with a special object, having none of the elements which made the old Phoenician colonies and the modern Anglo-Saxon colonies successful."

As to the future of the Jewish people, Dr. Jessup has this to say:—

"1. The trend of Jewish migration at the present is westward, and further than ever from the old land of Israel There are about four times as many Jews now in New York City as there are in the whole of Palestine. Tens of thousands are going to the Argentine Republic in South America. They seem to be more and more torn loose from territorial attachments, and the great future of the Jewish race seems to be about to be wrought out in the free air of America.

"2 The return of the Jews is to be a spiritual return to Christ, their Messiah and Lord The marvelous prophecies of Ezekiel, 40 to 48, clothed in priestly language and figures which speak of a readjustment of the configuration of Palestine, of a temple a mile square, and a special sacred 'oblation' or temple area fifty miles square, clearly refer in splendid imagery to the future glories of the Church of Jesus Christ, and the 'waters' flowing from beneath the sanctuary point to the life-giving streams of the Gospel dispensation, which are destined to vitalize and bless all mankind A literal fulfilment of those extraordinary prophecies is manifestly physically impossible without the most stupendous miracle ever performed

Merely a Woman's Faith.

According to the Washington Star, young Mrs. Tocker said very sweetly:—

"Charley, dear, it was kind and thoughtful of you and I appreciate it ever so much; but a man should never undertake to select anything for his wife to wear"

"What do you mean?" he asked, in surprise.

"These buttons you brought home for me," and she held up a half-dozen red poker chips. "I found them on the mantelpiece in your room, and I know, of course, that you had brought them home for me."

"Y—you can't use them, can you?"

"No; but I appreciate your thoughtfulness, just the same You got them at a bargain, just the same You got them at a bargain, didn't you?"

"Um—yes."

"Well, you were cheated. I don't see how anybody who makes buttons could have been so silly as to forget to put in the holes that the thread goes through when you sew them on."

And Charley said he would take them right back and exchange them.

Tit For Tat.

"Oh, by the way, can you cook?" said young Mr Spudds to Miss Gargoyle "May I inquire if your query is prompted by a matrimonial inclination?" asked the young lady. "Why—er—er—well, yes," stammered the young man. "That being the case, I can answer you fully. Yes, I can cook terrapin, canvas-back duck, brook trout and venison, besides tenderloin steak and other delicacies. Can you provide them in their raw state?"—Reading Telegram.

OUR ADVERTISING MOTTO:

We make our advertisements truthful, believing that the public is not composed of idiots, and that very often the person who reads is smarter than the one who writes.

WHO— —WOULDN'T

fall into the temptation of buying them? That's just what we did; that's just what you will do when you see our new and elegant novelties in

JUNIOR SUITS.

Suits for just such little fellows as you have, from 3 to 8 years of age. If you haven't any boys this age, the sight of the suits will make you wish you had. Say, do you know it doesn't take much money this year to buy as pretty a little suit as you ever saw? What two or three dollars will buy will surprise you. Such combinations of colorings, in collars, in braids and buttons, as we show this season, are new in the making up of these little junior suits. You must remember, though, that our styles are original and exclusive, so you mustn't expect to find what we're talking about elsewhere. Our great aim in the business of clothing boys is to have things different from any body else. Our prices are different, too, less. Don't pass us by in looking for a suit for your boy.

Oak Hall, The One-Price Clothiers.

BELLEVILLE, - - ONT.

C. H. VERMILYEA, Proprietor and Manager.

SEXUAL
declize may be arrested before decay; strength may be restored; powers when impoverished by youth's reckless overdrafts may be reinvigorated by our home treatment

CONFIDENCE
never has its citadel in the breasts of those who have weak, shrunken, undeveloped or diseased organs. The evil that men do through ignorance in boyhood and errors of early manhood leaves wasting effects.

RESTORED
to vigorous vitality you might be successful in business, fervent in spirit. Our curative methods are unfailing. Write for our book, "PERFECT MANHOOD," sent *free* sealed.

Correspondence Confidential. ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO. N. Y.

INDAPO
THE GREAT
HINDOO REMEDY
PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases. Failing Memory, Insomnia, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuse, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Beware of imitations, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by R. Templeton, Cor. Front & Bridge Sts., BELLEVILLE, ONT., and druggists elsewhere.

PATENTS.

C. H. RICHES,
Solicitor of Patents, Canada Life Buildings Toronto. Patents procured in Canada and Foreign Countries. Hand-books on Patents free on application.

PAINTS
—that wear well and look well.

PAINTS
—that are waterproof and weatherproof.

PAINTS
—that dry hard and with a brilliant gloss—should be satisfactory to the consumer.

We have a paint standard which we always live up to.

Our color card shows you the colors, while the can of paint you get is true to the color you select from.

Pints, 20c
Quarts, 35c
1-2 Gals., 65c

JOHN LEWIS & CO.

BUSINESS *Education.*

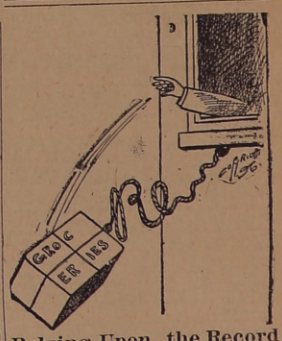
The range of subjects provided is so extensive and comprehensive as to afford full and complete facilities for the accommodation of students in every stage of advancement, whatever may be the extent or deficiency of their educational attainments at the time of entering the college Each student receives personal attention and is advanced as rapidly as his individual energy, ability and industry will permit.

For Circulars and particulars, address

BELLEVILLE

Business College

BELLEVILLE, ONT.



Relying Upon the Record
made for selling standard and wholesome qualities at reasonable prices, we throw forth our groceries to be bought by those who desire good goods. Customers know that we handle nothing but the best and freshest. Canned goods, meats, butter, eggs, everything is right up to the top notch of excellence and we keep them there. If you trade once with us you will always buy here because you can get the best values for your money, no matter how small the purchase.

J. C. HANLEY & CO.
Telephone 214.

THE WILLIAMS'
High Class **Pianos**

17,000 NOW IN USE.
—Beautiful in design and finish.
—Elegant in tone.
—The choice of all connoisseurs.

The R. S. Williams & Sons Co Limited.
143 Yonge street, Toronto.
Branches in all principal towns and cities Canada.
H. BULL, Manager for Belleville Address Box 89

PERSIA'S NEW SHAH.

CROWN PRINCE PROCLAIMED AS SUCCESSOR TO HIS MURDERED FATHER.

Late Shah to be Buried at Koom—Assassin Who Shot Him Was a Released Prisoner.

Teheran, May 2, 1896.—The details of the assassination of the Shah yesterday were obtained through official sources this morning.

The Shah, accompanied by Grand Vizier Asghar and several attendants, paid a visit to the shrine of Shah Abdul Azim. His Majesty traversed the outer court of the shrine, where he stopped and gave a bank note to an Arab and spoke a few kind words to a water carrier. Two chains barred the way to the inner court of the shrine.

The Shah had just passed the first chain when the assassin approached him, and, when within a few feet of him, fired a revolver, the bullet from which struck the Shah near the heart. His Majesty fell forward upon his knees, but rose to his feet and walked a few paces, when he fell again. The assassin was immediately slezed and hurried away.

The Shah at once became unconscious and was immediately taken to his carriage and conveyed to the palace at Teheran, whither doctors were summoned as quickly as possible. When the physicians arrived at the palace they found the Shah dead and certified that his death was caused by a bullet lodged in the pericardial region, between the sixth and seventh ribs.

MUZAFFER-ED-DIN, THE NEW SHAH OF PERSIA.

London, May 2, 1896.—Muzaffer-ed-Din, the second son and heir to the throne, has been proclaimed Shah of Persia.

The Queen, through Lord Salisbury, has sent a despatch to Muzaffer-Ed-Din, the new Shah of Persia expressing her profound sympathy at the tragic death of his father, the late Shah. The Queen congratulates the people of Persia in having in the present Shah a worthy and illustrious successor to the late Nasr-Ed-Din.

The Persian Legation here announces that it is now definitely established that the assassin of the late Shah was a member of a secret society known as the Babi, composed of religious fanatics, an organization which the Shah tried to suppress.

Official opinion here regards the death of the Shah with grave apprehension, as it is feared that it will hasten a collision between British and Russian interests in Persia. The Foreign Office holds a copy of a secret convention, signed by the deceased Shah, conceding to Russia the right to occupy Northern Persia in the event of a foreign (meaning a British) attack, or internal discord menacing either his reign or the succession of the Crown Prince Muzaffer-ed-Din. Prince Muzaffer-ed-Din's knowledge of this treaty led to his adhesion to Russia. Through him Russian agents obtained special privileges, including the concession for the construction of a railway which is now approaching the Persian Gulf.

Muzaffer-ed-Din, the heir-apparent, has been proclaimed Shah of Persia. He is at Tabriz, and the Grand Vizier will govern until he arrives.

The new Shah is the second son of the assassinated monarch, and great fear is felt that the oldest son, Zil Es Sultan, may claim the throne. He is now Governor of Ispahan.

He was at one time a man of great power and had large armies at his command. The armies were disbanded by his late father.

Muzaffer-ed-Din was recognized as the heir to the throne by England and Russia many years ago.

The assassin was a religious fanatic, named Moilah Reza. His home is in Babec.

Nasr-ed-Deen Shah was the fourth sovereign of the Khajar dynasty. He mounted the throne in 1848, a mere youth of sixteen. Owing to this latter fact he was easily influenced by his courtiers to depose and execute his patriotic Prime Minister and brother-in-law, Mirza Taghy, who was accused of treason. But he soon discovered how he had been deceived and ever regretted a deed which proved a blunder no less than a crime.

Naturally kind and humane, the Shah took the lesson to heart, and the enlightened course he followed during his protracted reign is partly traceable to the impression made by the unjust fate of Mirza Taghy.

Nasr-ed-Deen Shah sought in many ways to bring Persia within the influences of the age. It may be affirmed that Persia's recent decided progress was due not to outside pressure, but to the patriotic and enterprising spirit of Nasr-ed-Deen Shah. He established military and academic institutions under European preceptors, organized a modern Cabinet, introduced steam and electric light, a mint, a telegraph ad postal system and encouraged railways and the press.

He had great difficulties to encounter. The priesthood, who are very powerful in a theocracy, resisted his progressive tendencies, while the menacing attitude of Russia and the incessant intrigues of both Russia and England demanded vigilance and diplomatic skill.

These problems culminated for the time in 1873 to 1876 by the cession of Daman-i-Kuhu to Russia and the settlement of the frontier question by a joint Anglo-Russian Commission.

The ambition of his three sons in a country where the rights of primogeniture are scarcely recognized added to the Shah's difficulty. Great peril also lay in the growing communistic society of the Babi, numbering some 500,000. They caused insurrections and often sought to assassinate him. In one instance he was dangerously wounded.

The fact that the public failed to understand his difficulties often caused the Shah to be unjustly criticized.

Nasr-ed-Deen Shah repeatedly visited Europe to enlarge his knowledge for the benefit of his dominions. The stories current about him were mainly false, being chiefly inspired by the enemies of Persia to impair his diplomatic influence.

Nasr-ed-Deen was a man of genuine literary taste. He composed poetry, wrote a book on travel and edited the official gazette. He was a daring and enthusiastic sportsman and a marksman of unerring aim. He was also a kind husband and father.

Although a polygamist, as was his prerogative, Nasr-ed-Deen's affections for many years were devoted to his favorite wife, the Lady Anizeh Donleh.

The late Shah was of medium height and massive build, naturally bashful, he controlled that weakness and bore himself with great dignity. But a genial smile or a pleasant jest often tended to relieve the formality of an audience with a monarch who will live in history as one of the wisest and most gracious and patriotic of modern sovereigns.

THE WATERMELON.

Magnitude of the Watermelon Industry Not Generally Known.

Few people, remarks an exchange, are aware of the magnitude of the watermelon industry of the South. Thomasville, which is center of the watermelon district, covers an area of 150 miles square. It includes the southwestern portion of Georgia and the northwestern portion of Florida, and when the season opens the freight departments of the railroads in this section move their headquarters to Thomasville, and the telegraph company sends down five extra operators to handle the increased business occasioned by the purchase and shipment of the crop. The season lasts about two months, beginning in July and ending with August, and last year between 9,000 and 10,000 carloads were shipped outside the state, carrying an average of 1,200 melons to a car, which makes a total of about 11,000,000 melons contributed to the northern and western appetite. About 52,000 pounds of seed have been harvested in one season at Monticello. One grocer declares that he has sold more than $1,500 worth of seed in one month.

A FAMOUS FRENCHMAN.

M. Bourgeois, President of the Council and Foreign Minister.

Leon Victor Auguste Bourgeois, who succeeds M. Berthelot as minister of foreign affairs in the French cabinet, has had a long experience in numerous official positions with the administration and control of communal and departmental affairs. At various times he has been under-secretary of the interior, minister of the interior, minister of public instruction, and minister of justice. One of the most dramatic scenes in the French chamber took place in connection with the Panama scandals, when M. Bourgeois vindicated his honor against the charges leveled at him by Mme. Cottu. Bourgeois is a native Parisian, born in 1851. In 1885 he was secretary general of the prefect of the Seine; he has been prefect of the Haute Garonne, director of communal affairs in the ministry of the interior and prefect of police. In 1888 he was returned a member of the chamber of deputies for the first time by a by-election. He was under-secretary of state when Floquet was minister, re-elected to the chamber in 1889, minister of public instruction in 1892, and minister of justice under the cabinet of Ribot. M. Bourgeois has a force for everything pertaining to superior education.

LEON VICTOR AUGUSTE BOURGEOIS.

Why Motormen Wear Rubbers.

"Doesn't that wear out your shoes?" asked the inquisitive passenger.

He was standing on the platform of a trolley car watching the motorman kick the striker of the gong which projected a few inches above the floor of the platform. The tattoo the motorman kept up was almost constant and his heavy foot rose and fell with great regularity as wagons, small boys and pedestrians scurried out of the way of the flying car.

He did not reply at once to the question of the inquisitive passenger, as a woman was waiting at the next corner and he had to shut off the current and put on the brakes considerably, and thus had other things to think of. But when the car started up again he raised his right foot and placed it on the rail of the dashboard so that the sole of the heavy arctic overshoe could be seen.

"See that rubber?" he asked. "Well, I've worn it all winter. Do you see any holes in it?"

The inquisitive passenger admitted that it was practically as sound as the day it came out of the factory.

"Well, there you are," said the motorman, who had long since put his foot back on the platform and was energetically pounding away at the gong with it. "This ball don't wear out a rubber sole at all, but a leather one—say, it don't last no time. I don't know why it is, but she goes through a heavy leather sole in a few weeks, but a rubber will last all winter." And he banged away at the gong as though striving to make a hole in his shoe.—Chicago Chronicle.

Unpopular With Friends and Foes.

A lieutenant colonel in the Irish brigade was dispatched by the Duke of Berwick to Louis XIV with an account of some irregularities among his troops at Fort Kiel. His Majesty, considerably annoyed, exclaim d:—

"These Irishmen give me more trouble than all the rest of my soldiers."

"Your Majesty's enemies make the same complaint," rejoined the officer.

HE TALKED BACK.

Mr. W. C. Hayes, the well-known furniture dealer, talked back to our representative the other day. He said: "I had a dull pain in the small of my back, and suffered from kidney trouble for more than a year. I often had severe neuralgic pains in my temple, was always tired and never rested well.

I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and went to Templeton's drug store and got a box. They acted like magic with me. I commenced to improve at once. They removed all the pain and dizzy feeling and I now sleep better and am rested when I get up. I was also cured of all the urinary troubles from which I suffered so long, and I can speak highly of them. I heartily recommend them as a grand remedy for kidney troubles.

Other people talk back too. Miss Katharine Weese says, "I have had a pain in my back, accompanied by general debility and tried various remedies for same but without deriving much benefit, until I took Doan's Kidney Pills, which I am glad to say entirely cured me. They are certainly a grand medicine and I can say in my case proved to be a thorough specific.

Sold by R. TEMPLETON, Belleville.

WHEN RUN DOWN, GET BUILT UP. That's our advice to every weakly, sickly, ailing woman and girl, and there's nothing equal to INDIAN WOMAN'S BALM for purifying the blood, toning up the nerves and building up the health.

Sold by R. TEMPLETON, Belleville.

unfortunate

Cod-liver oil suggests consumption, which is almost unfortunate.

Its best use is before you fear consumption; when you begin to get thin, weak, run down; then is the prudent time to begin to take care, and the best way to take care is to supply the system with needed fat and strength. **Scott's Emulsion** of cod-liver oil, with hypophosphites, will bring back plumpness to those who have lost it, and make strength where raw cod-liver oil would be a burden.

A substitute only imitates the original.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont. 50c. and $1.00

MABELINE!

THE WOMAN'S FRIEND.

HAS CURED OTHERS. WILL CURE YOU

Ask your Druggist for MABELINE. It is a positive cure for all uterine troubles. It is not necessary to enumerate them here. It is the general custom when describing a remedy to fill the advertising medium with a medical treatise, describing, in a highly colored manner, symptoms and forms of disease, scientifically, and in such a way as to involve the reader in a maze of theory and speculation. We avoid all the sensational way of advertising. If you are sick it is presumed that you know of the fact and can form some idea of what your ailment is, and we can only advise you generally. MABELINE is vegetable compound and can not injure the most delicate, and can be used with perfect safety. MABELINE is placed in capsules and they are applied directly to the diseased parts. Full directions how to apply on every box. Send $1 for one month's treatment. 24 capsules in a box. Why pay three dollars for any other remedy when you can buy Mabeline for one dollar? Address all communications to

THE SALUTINE CO.,
Box 230, Windsor, Ont.

"POINTERS."

Issue for May now ready. Free sample copies may be had at THE SUN office, Front street, or subscriptions left there. Pointers is now a regular monthly publication.

One copy, one year	$ 25
Five copies, one year	1 00
Ten copies, one year	1 50

Order by mail or call at THE SUN office and leave addresses to which you desire the paper sent.

W. H. VANTASSELL,
Publisher.

How About Price?

In all lines of job printing
We give you not only
The best results, but invariably
The lowest prices. We are
Not "cheap" printers,
But it will pay you to get
Our prices before leaving your
Order elsewhere.

Sun Job Dpt.

NEW

Scotch, English and Canadian Suitings, blue and black serges, overcoatings and pantings arriving daily at

A. N. Reid's.

Our prices are the lowest for strictly first-class goods.

A. N. REID.
Mr. Minor, Cutter

Do You

FEEL SICK?

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

Disease commonly comes on with slight symptoms, which when neglected increase in extent and gradually grow dangerous.

If you SUFFER FROM HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, . . . TAKE RIPANS TABULES
If you are BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED, or have LIVER COMPLAINT, . . . TAKE RIPANS TABULES
If your COMPLEXION IS SALLOW, or you SUFFER DISTRESS AFTER EATING, TAKE RIPANS TABULES
For OFFENSIVE BREATH and ALL DISORDERS OF THE STOMACH, . . TAKE RIPANS TABULES

Ripans Tabules Regulate the System and Preserve the Health.

Ripans Tabules act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines; cleanse the system effectually; cure dyspepsia, habitual constipation, offensive breath and headache. One TABULE taken at the first indication of indigestion, biliousness, dizziness, distress after eating or depression of spirits, will surely and quickly remove the whole difficulty. If given a fair trial Ripans Tabules are an infallible cure; they contain nothing injurious and are an economical remedy.

ONE GIVES RELIEF

EASY TO TAKE—QUICK TO ACT

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce St., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

Printing Bargains

The Sun job department is now in better shape than ever and we have just purchased several good lines at close cash prices and intend to give the public the benefit of them. Glance at these prices and rush in your order. Whether you are in need of printing just now or not it will pay you to buy at these prices—we do not expect to be able to continue them for more than a week or so

50,000 extra heavy ruled statements, printed to order, per thousand,	$1.60
Additional thousand - -	1.15
25,000 fine linen letter heads, ruled, printed to order, per thousand,	$2.25
Additional thousand - -	1.75
20,000 good white No. 7 envelopes, printed to order, per thousand,	$1.25
Additional thousand - -	1.00
Any quantity 16th sheet dodgers, long or broad form, printed, per thousand, - - - - - -	$1.25
Additional thousand - -	75

Cash with order.

At these prices express charges cannot be paid on out of town orders, unless order amounts to $5.

FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED!

Stearns Bicycle

The modern wheel for modern wheelers—the lightest of the strong—the strongest of the light.

AMERICAN RATTAN CO., TORONTO, ONT.
CANADIAN SELLING AGENTS

STRAW and HAY

THOS. STEWART

Office: Bridge street. Yards: Foot of Front street

I have a fine lot of nice clean OAT STRAW on hand for sale VERY CHEAP. Call and see.

Coal and Wood of all kinds. Charcoal and Coke, Grain and Seeds.

HAM!

We are selling the choicest brand of ham—very appetizing—cured with special care—for 12½c per pound. Buy a pound or two for breakfast use. Keeps better this changeable weather than other kinds of meat.

CHAS. G. ROW,
Front street.

New location, opposite footbridge.
Crockery, glassware. General groceries—choice stock.

Arthur McGie

Merchant Tailor,
300 Front street, - Belleville.

NEW SPRING GOODS

Just in. A very fine selection of Scotch Tweeds, Serges, Fancy Worsteds and Trouserings. Now opened for inspection.

Arthur McGie

Brantford Refrigerators

Are the Best

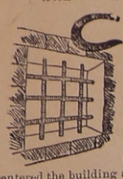
And Cheapest.

See them before you buy, also our "Woodyatt" Lawn Mowers, "White Mountain" Freezers, 1, 2 & 3 Burner Oil Stoves, etc.

Wm. McGie,
Telephone 88. Front street.

GENERAL BELLEVILLE NEWS

(From Saturday's p.m. edition



CONSIDERABLY surprised was Mr. Clarke of the firm of Messrs. Smith & Clarke, photographers, this morning as he entered their studio and discovered that some one had during the night entered the building and stolen $20 from the vault and $16 from the till. The guilty ones were evidently well acquainted with the building and even knew where the key of the vault was secured. It would have been impossible for any one to have discovered the whereabouts of the key unless they were extremely well acquainted with the firm and by some means discovered where the key was placed, as much care was taken in the secreting of it. The thief ascended by means of a ladder to the roof near the printing room in the rear of the building and entered through a window in the printing room which had been partly opened and had remained so fast that it was impossible to close it. He then decended to the main floor of the studio and procured the key of the vault, which was hidden back of a drawer in a desk. To get the key the drawer had to be taken out and in the farthest part of the casing the key was placed. The thief apparently had his work well planned. After he had secured the money which was in the vault he did not lock it again but placed the key back where he had found it. Suspicions are entertained as to whom the guilty parties are and the police are using all their power to discover and bring the thief to justice.

BRIDGE STREET SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The annual meeting of Bridge Street Methodist Sunday School was held in the large parlor last night, the pastor, Rev. E. N. Baker, presiding. Mr. James Coulson, the recording secretary, presented the statistical report. The membership of the school is:

Officers and teachers	57
Primary department	151
Intermediate department	225
Senior department	483
Home department	139
Total membership	1,055

Mr. Wm. Hopkins, the treasurer, reported the receipts for the year to be $593, and disbursements a few dollars over this—$340 of this was devoted to benevolent purposes. During the year a home department was organized and Mr. Weeks, its secretary-treasurer, stated that from a membership the first quarter of 67, it had grown to 139. Mr. C. M. Reid moved and Mrs. C. H. Elliott seconded a most appropriate resolution of the services of Rev. E. N. Baker to the school, and of the regret felt at his approaching departure. A resolution was also passed in reference to Miss Bryant's removal.

The officers and teachers elected were:

Superintendent, Mr. Wm. Johnson.
Associate superintendent, Mr. W. W. Chown.
Superintendent of home department, Mr. C. M. Reid.
Secretary-treasurer of home department, Mr. F. A. Weeks.
Recording secretary, Mr. James Coulson.
General secretaries, Geo. H. Pope, A. G. Vermilyea, Jas. A. Conger, S. C. Chown.
Treasurer, Wm. Hopkins.
Organist, Prof. W. H. Dingle.
Associate organist, Miss F. Lazier.
Chorister, Mr. J. T. Burns.
Teachers — Primary department—Misses E. Anning, L. Holden, Mary Yeomans, J. Elliott.
Teachers—Intermediate department—Mrs. Curtis Bogart, Mrs. W. J. Embury, Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn, Misses N. Yeomans, B. Emmons, Gardiner, L. Craig, Ella Metcalf, M. Elvins, L. Holton, F. Lazier, E. Sulman, Edith Jones, A. Clarke, Grace Clark, Lottie Conger, Carscallen, Burns, Bleecker, Crysler, Doxsee, Mary Frost, V. Moynes, F. Jones, M. L. Johnson, Lillie Metcalf, Messrs. Wm. Hopkins, W. J. Osborne, J. T. Burns, D. Bleecker, Chas. Elvins, W. J. Embury, R. H. Gordon, D. H. Sargeant, W. B. Smith, W. J. Gould, M. B. Jamieson, M. H. Clarke.
Teachers—Senior Department.—Mrs. C. H. Elliott, Miss C. Yeomans, Miss A. Chisholm, Messrs. C. P. Holton, T. S. Clark, F. E. O'Flynn, T. P. Brown.
Home Department, visitors.—Mrs. J. J. B. Flint, Mrs. Wm. Johnson, Mrs. H. Powell, Mrs. A. Knox, Mrs. Perkins, Miss Bleecker, Miss A. Bogart, Mrs. C. F. Smith, Mrs. C. H. Elliot.

JOHN STREET CHURCH CONCERT.

The entertainment and sale of fancy articles at John Street Church last night was a success financially. Owing to the illness of some of the performers they were unable to put on Uncle Tom's Cabin and substituted a concert instead. The orchestra rendered selections, Messrs. Hamilton, Green and Mills performed on the banjo and Master Cunnington contributed a solo. Mr. Douglas had intended giving a series of stereopticon views, but could not on account of poor light. Prof Coleman acted as chairman.

FROM PETERBORO TO BELLEVILLE.

Dr. Goldsmith, who purchased the S. B. Burdett homestead last December, has decided to move to Belleville and practice his profession. This will be welcome news to his very many friends and relatives. He is a man of considerable medical experience, having been in practice since 1870. In 1889 he visited London, Eng., and after taking thorough medical course graduated twice, taking two diplomas, one from the Royal College of Physicians and one from Apothecaries' Hall. In 1892 he again visited London for an advanced course and again graduated, taking this time the highest degree given in an examination by the Royal College of Physicians and became one of its members. This is a degree held by only three other medical men in the Dominion. It is evident that Dr. Goldsmith will be a valuable addition to the local medical profession and he will be heartily welcomed to the beautiful City of the Bay. He will arrive with his family on Tuesday, May 26.

NEW FORESTERS' COURT ORGANIZED.

A new court of the A. O. F. was organized and duly initiated into the mysteries of Forestry last evening in the A. O. F. hall. Mr. Carstairs, general organizer, assisted by the officers of Court Quinte, conducted the ceremony. The new court will be known as Court Dulmage, No 8,411. It is so called in honor of Mr. Geo. Dulmage, who is an officer of the High Court and one of the most popular members of the order in the city. The new court starts with a charter list of 45 members. The officers elected last evening were: T. C. Lazier, P.C.R.; H. Beaty, C.R.; J. McGuire, S.C.R.; H. Austin, financial secretary; F. McKeown, treasurer; L. Lucas, recording secretary; H. P. Thompson, S. W.; J. Fleming, J. W.; O. McCarthy, S.B.; R. Harris, J.B.; E. Ketcheson, J. R. Craig, trustees; L. Lucas, H. P. Thompson, J. R. Craig, auditors. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Carstairs for his untiring efforts in forming the new court.

WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

At the last meeting of the Woman's Christian Association the hospital board reported 36 at present being treated. One death occurred during the month—Albert Vermilyea. To accommodate the increasing number of patients it was found necessary to convert the dining-room into a ward, and the inmates of Home of the Friendless have been boarded out comfortably and their rooms are occupied by patients. Additional nurses have been procured and more expense incurred for mattresses, pillows, sheets, screens, etc., besides extra help in the kitchen and laundry. Everything possible has been done for the comfort and care of the patients. The Dorcas Society met and did the required sewing. The association wish to thank Mrs. Meacham and Mrs. Tannahill for their kind gift of $20 each, Mrs. Sills for $2, Mr. Potter for cut flowers and Mrs. Tannahill for oranges, all of which was most acceptable.

BOARD OF TRADE.

A special meeting of the Board of Trade was held in the council chamber at the city hall last night. Those present were: Mr. J. G. Frost, president; Mr. J. Parker Thomas, secretary; Mr. J. P. Thompson, treasurer; Mr. L. W. Yeomans, Mr. Thos. Wills and Mr. Walter Alford. The president, Mr. Frost, occupied the chair. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, whose application had been received, was elected a member. A letter was read from Col. Ponton stating that he would be unable to attend the convention of the London Chamber of Commerce, to which he was appointed a delegate. Sir Mackenzie Bowell was appointed delegate in the place of Mr. Thos. Ritchie, who will be unable to attend owing to the Dominion elections. The president, Mr. J. G. Frost, and the vice-president, Mr. J. W. Johnson, were appointed to act with the delegates appointed by the city council to go to Montreal and interview Mr. Hays, general manager of the G.T.R. Mr. H. Corby, ex-M.P., was appointed a delegate alternate.

HOME BUYING.

"Well, I declare!" exclaimed a Charles street young lady, as she gazed at some goods in one of Belleville's leading dry goods stores yesterday. "There is the very same pattern of dress goods that I have just sent to Toronto for! And those belts are exactly like the one I got all the way from New York. I wanted to get something absolutely new and, of course, thought I had to go out of Belleville for it." The incident is worthy of note as proving what THE SUN has always contended—Belleville merchants can give as modern goods at as low prices as any dealers in the land, and as far as possible Belleville dollars should be spent at home.

THEY DID NOT SIGN IT.

Mr. John Vandewater, Charles street, wishes it understood that it was not he who signed the petition in favor of the Dumesnil license. Mr. Vandewater thinks it rather peculiar that the name should be on the petition, as he knows of no other man of that name in Belleville.

Mr. W. B. Walker writes to THE SUN as follows: "In your issue of May 8 I notice my name appears as having signed a petition to procure a license for one Jos. Dumesnil. Now, sir, I never signed any such petition, nor was one ever presented to me for my signature. Not being a ratepayer in that ward I could not legally sign one. Therefore, as I am the only W. B. Walker in the city, the signature purporting to be mine is a deliberate forgery."

Drive out the impurities from your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and thus avoid that tired languid feeling and even serious illness.

WHERE THE SUN CAN BE HAD.

The following is a list of the places where THE SUN is on sale:

Scantlebury's bookstore...Front street.
Miss Martin's bookstore...Front street.
Goldsmith's Fruit store...Bridge street.
The Old Homestead.....Hotel street.
Barclay's grocery.....Catharine street.
Hinchey's grocery.....Dundas street.
Hanwell's Cigar Store....Front Street
Cole's grocery.. .. ....Catharine street
Mrs. McCall's.....Bridge street
Mrs. Thomas.....Front stree

Smoke Pride, best 5c cigar.

INDEPENDENTS.

Gathering of Electors at Roslin.

Mr. Belcanquel Gets the Nomination.

Several Other Names Were Mentioned.

Views of the Different Speakers.

From Saturday's 5 p.m. edition.

THE convention called yesterday for Roslin was supposed to be an independent one, but it developed into an almost straight McCarthyite meeting before it concluded. About 200 electors assembled for the occasion, and, after considerable talk and discussion, Mr. S. Emerson was appointed chairman and Mr. E. Gould secretary. Mr. Emerson asked that the meeting be harmonious and that no ill-feeling should prevail. He asked Mr. Belcanquel to address the electors.

Mr. Belcanquel said that two years ago Mr. McLaren had been chosen to represent the Patrons and had been elected. He now stood before them to be either their candidate or to step down and cut in favor of their choice. New conditions had arisen and new principles were involved. Other independent elements had arisen, and it was on account of them that the present convention was called and the purpose was to try to unite the different independent elements on one common platform. He hoped that all would unite and show a strong front at the election.

Before the meeting got down to business there was some discussion as to the platform the convention would adopt. Mr. P. Mather said he was in favor of D'Alton McCarthy's platform and would move its adoption. He was seconded by Mr. S. Mowat.

Mr. E. Gould thought it best to nominate a number of men and hear their views. The convention could then make a selection. He followed his suggestion by nominating Mr. James Balcanquel. Messrs. M. Hill, F. M. Clarke, W. White, J. S. Kerr, Alex. McLaren, M.P.P., P. Mather, W. A. Chapman, D. McRae, Chief S. Loft and T. A. Gordon were the other nominees.

Mr. Balcanquel was first called to speak. He reiterated his former statements and said that he was in accord with D'Alton McCarthy's policy. Some might think him too extreme in some matters. He was an equal right advocate and did not believe in giving privileges to one not accorded to another. Race or creed should not be looked at; all men should be equal. As to the trade question, he believed the McCarthy platform covered the ground fully and to the interests of all classes. He went fully into the trade question. He advocated strongly non-interference with Manitoba in the school question and could not see what the government meant by their action in regard to that province. He expressed himself as strongly in favor of a more economical administration of public affairs. There were too many leaks, he said, and they should be closed at once.

Chief Solomon Loft was next called to speak. He stated that there were between 170 and 200 votes on the Reserve and that they were a unit against Mr. Northrup. He came as their representative and to ask for a candidate who would be independent. They wanted Matthew Hill and no other man would receive their unanimous support. "There are only," he said, "about twelve Grits in the band and they were men who had intermarried and became degenerated." He retired from the contest in favor of Mr. Hill.

Mr. Hill said he had not intended to come out as a candidate, but had been requested by his friends to do so. He was glad to hear the statement made by the chief, as he had not asked for the Reserve vote, and had never consented to being brought out as a candidate. This he had told Mr. Balcanquel and if that gentleman was the choice he would support him. He could not support a government which tried to force remedial legislation. The McCarthy policy was a good one and just to all.

Mr. F. M. Clarke was the next speaker and to a great extent his speech was against the remedial bill. The Conservative party, he said, were all right, but they had left their old principles. He supported Mr. Hill's candidature.

Mr. W. White followed and stated that he was an Independent and would always remain so. Someone interrupted him to ask if he supported Mr. Northrup, but he declined to give an answer. Mr. White did not appear to be fully in the confidence of those present, and was frequently interrupted by whistling and cries of "This is no Tory convention."

Mr. P. Mather said he had not as yet heard any of the so-called independents give their reasons for being such. He had been an equal rights advocate and would continue one. He was also a Patron, either Mr. Belcanquel or Mr. Hill would be acceptable to him.

Mr. J. S. Kerr said he thought the meeting had developed into a Tory one. He asked all true independents to nominate a true Protestant to represent them.

Mr. T. A. Gordon said he was an independent and had deserted the old party He was a strong opponent of remedial legislation.

Mr. McLaren, M.P.P., said he was at sea as to the tone of the meeting. He did not know whether it was Grit, Tory or Independent. He opposed the school bill and believed in McCarthy's policy.

All those in favor of Mr. Belcanquel as candidate were requested to take one side of the room and Mr. Hill's supporters the other side, so that a count could be made. This caused considerable trouble and there was a general demand for a ballot. Confusion reigned supreme for awhile and Mr. Hill settled the matter by resigning in favor of Mr. Belcanquel. Mr. White said he would not resign, but would remain in the field. All the others dropped out, and Mr. Belcanquel was made the choice of the meeting.

It seemed to be the opinion of the Patrons that the McCarthyites were endeavoring to oust their candidate in favor of Mr. Hill.

Among those present were: Messrs. F. Asseltine, F. M. Clarke, J. Templeton, D. T. Rutledge, J. S. Clapp, J. Preston, N. Brentnell, J. Garrett, J. Goodfellow, C. A. Palmer, S. Emerson, J. Belcanquel, W. Ryan, O. McAvoy, J. Robinson, W. Alison, A. Collins, S. Forgey, S. Mowat, M. Hill, A. Pitman, R. Elliott, J. Mather, J. Chisholm, F. Denike, J. Wilson, E. Gould, P. Way, J. Smith, H. Campbell, R. Jack, R. Geddes, R. Anderson, J. Fairborn, Chief Loft, Chief Brant, Chief Maracle, J. S. Kerr, W. W. Reid, M. Clark, A. McAlister, H. Loveless, A. McLaren, M.P.P.; S. Simpkins, A. McFarlane, W. C. Farley, W. White, J. Finley, R. Robinson, W. Wray, W. J. Taylor, P. Mather, J. Mather, sen., J. Roblin, W. York.

Renouncing Sin.

There is a great temptation to excuse your sins to yourself None of your excuses are such as you would dare to offer on the day of judgment Instead of excusing your sins and trying to palliate them, strive earnestly to break off from them Make the resolute attempt upon the very first sin to which you are tempted Set yourself against sin, and call for the Spirit's power to help you conquer it Conversion means renouncing of sin, and no one has even begun to serve Jesus Christ until he has declared war upon his favorite appetites and lusts and passions—Rev T L Cuyler

Enough of a Task.

Marston—Society people do not seem to make as many summer trips abroad as they used to

Stacy—No; it keeps them too busy going to and from Dakota to think of indulging in other luxuries

Some Interesting Items Regarding Situations.

The following advertisement appeared in the Mail and Empire last Saturday:

"Wanted—bookkeeper—must be good penman; married man preferred; situation permanent; give references; state experience. J. C. Wilson & Co., Glenora, Ont."

By the steamer Varuna on Monday morning, Messrs. Robinson & Johnson had a graduate of Ontario Business College, Mr. A. L. Matheson, on his way to make personal application, bearing their introduction and recommendation. He secured the position at once, against many competitors.

The following situations with local firms have recently been secured by graduates of Ontario Business College: Mr. Frank Brintnell, bookkeeper for Mr. Thos. Watkin, cheese merchant; Mr. Joseph Maiden, with The Sun Publishing Co; Miss Nellie Munro, bookkeeper for Messrs. Gibson & Laidlaw; Miss Ella Metcalfe, bookkeeper for Mr. A. Brignall.

Special Value

IN

Men's Underwear.

We are offering special value in Men's Spring and Summer Underwear, including "Cartwright and Warners," Natural Wool, Best English Balbriggan, English Merino, Etc.

Men's Summer Vests,
Men's Cashmere Hose,
Men's Cotton Hose
Men's Umbrellas,
"Curries" Celebrated Waterproof Coats.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.

Further Evidence OF A National Business.

Chilliwack, B.C.,
April 28, '96.

C. B. Scantlebury, Esq.,
Belleville, Ont.

Dear Sir: I return to-day books of wall-paper samples sent me some weeks ago. I have certainly kept them a long time, but expect that you will receive at least one order in consequence, probably more, as I have diligently exhibited the samples to my friends. As for my own order I sent it some time since to my husband, who is travelling in the eastern provinces, requesting him to add the necessary cash and forward to you. However, as we have since arranged to close the house for the summer, we will now postpone papering. I shall not forget your papers. They are extremely pretty, and most marvelously cheap.

Yours Gratefully,
Mrs. J. T. W.

C. B. Scantlebury.
Write for samples.

OTTAWA NOTES.

Latest Chat From the Capital.

Honors for Messrs. Lowe and Tyrrell—An Order Regarding the Pay of the Militia for Drill—Canada's Finances in Excellent Shape—Where the Field Men of the Geological Survey will Work this Summer.

Ottawa, May 8.—(Special)—The gratifying intelligence was received today of the recognition by the Royal Geographical Society of the meritorious work of two Canadian geologists and geographers. For their service to geographical science, the Royal Geographical Society has awarded to Mr. A. P. Lowe of the geographical survey what is known as the Gill Memorial, and to Mr. J. B. Tyrrell, the Back grant. These tokens of the appreciation of the Royal Geographical Society may take form of gold medals, watches or money premiums, as the recipients may desire, but under any circumstances they will be prized as a tangible evidence that the work of Canadian explorers is not being overlooked in Britain. Dr. Keltie, president of the Royal Geographical Society, communicated to Dr. Dawson, director of the geological survey, the fact of the society's action.

A Militia General order, issued today, states that four days' pay will be allowed to all officers and men who have already performed 12 days' drill for the year ending June 30. The order also applies to field batteries, which have not yet performed their annual drill for the current fiscal year. City corps will be allowed until June 30 in which to perform the 12 days' training for the pay as authorized. Field batteries, which have already put in eight days' training in camp will be permitted to complete the 12 days' training on the same basis as the city corps.

Gradually, as the fiscal year draws to a close, the revenue and expenditure statement continues to improve. For the month of April there is a gratifying increase of a quarter of a million, while the expenditure is less than that of the same month last year. On the 30th of April there was nearly a surplus of five millions in the treasury, which means that when the books are finally closed for the year there will be a substantial sum over and above expenditure. The expenditure on capital account is half a million less than in the same period last year. The net debt was decreased last month by $739,196.

Dr. Dawson, director of the geological survey, has about completed the program of field work for his staff during the coming summer. The first man to go out will be Mr. McConnell, who leaves next week to examine that part of the Saskatchewan River near Edmonton, in connection with the prospective sites for a second experimental oil boring station. After that Mr. McConnell goes to the West Kootenay district, where he will be engaged the remainder of the summer. Mr. McEvoy will probably also spend a portion of the summer in West Kootenay, and another survey party will be working in the Shuswap district. Mr. A. P. Lowe will likely go by way of Hudson Bay to further explore that part of the Labrador peninsula. Dr. Bell, assistant director, may also spend a portion of the summer in the vicinity of Hudson Bay, but this is not definitely settled. Dr. Ells will be engaged in the County of Renfrew and adjacent counties on the Ottawa River. Mr. Fletcher will complete the revision of the Sydney coal field in Cape Breton, and then probably spend some time in the Springhill coal field. Mr. Farigault will continue his work on gold bearing rocks in Nova Scotia, chiefly in Halifax, Hants and Lunenburg Counties. Prof. Bailly of New Brunswick will be engaged in that province for a certain portion of the summer. Mr. Tyrrell will probably spend the season to the north of Manitoba. Mr. McInnes will work again in the Rainy River district of Ontario, particularly in the Manitou Lake region, where it is hoped he will be able to complete another sheet of the geological map. Mr. Chalmers will return to work again in the gold bearing districts in the eastern townships. Mr. Giroux will spend the season in eastern Ontario, in the country between Ottawa and Cornwall. Mr. Barlow will be employed in central Ontario on what is known as the Haliburton sheet.

The order of 28th September last, 1895, respecting the reduction of fees for the inspection of grain and the regulations established for the governance of inspectors in accounting for the same, shall be and the same is hereby cancelled.

A. Bodard, Canadian emigration agent in France and Belgium, is in the city en route to the Northwest with a party of French immigrants. The Sarnia has just brought over 100 steerage, 22 intermediate and cabin passengers. Seventy-nine of these were destined to Winnipeg, Arden, Duck Lake, Rathwell, Indian Head and Prince Albert. They comprised fourteen families, 73 souls and six single men.

The Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company (Limited) will ask Parliament for an Act to extend the time for the completion of its work.

Canada Gazette to-morrow will contain the announcement of Col. Tisdale's appointment as Minister of Militia, F. F. Gourdeau as Deputy Minister of Marine and R. McKechnie of Dundas as sub-collector of Customs.

Street Car Advertising.

Advertise your excursions, concerts or on the street car billboards. Rates, including printing, can be obtained at THE SUN office. THE SUN controls the right to this class of advertising in Belleville.

Mr Thos. Errett, Port Burwell Ont., says: "I had been weak and miserable two years I took Miller's Compound Iron Pills and never felt better than I do now." Sold by Alex Ray.

Smoke Pride, best 5c cigar.

Notice To Advertisers.

To ensure change of advertisement copy must be handed in the evening previous to issue

SPORTING NOTES.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Belleville Football League held in the Belleville Business College yesterday afternoon, the following schedule for the matches between the Centrals, City and Albert College was arranged:

Wednesday, May 13—Albert College vs. Centrals.

Friday, May 15—Centrals vs. City.

Monday, May 18—Albert College vs. City.

Wednesday, May 20—City vs. Centrals.

Friday, May 22—City vs. Albert College.

Wednesday, May 27—Centrals vs. Albert College.

Mr. H. P. Thomas was appointed referee.

The first match of this series will be held on the cricket grounds, Bridge street, at 4:30 o'clock. A good game is expected, as all teams are confident of winning the Corby cup.

LOCAL BASEBALL.

The baseball match yesterday between a picked nine and the City team resulted in a defeat for the latter—score 17 to 9. The batteries were: Gloster and J. Thompson and McNally and McRae. Hope McGinnis acted as umpire. McNally, the one-armed pitcher, proved to be a good one.

The boys of the XV. battalion are endeavoring to form a baseball club, to play the 57th at Peterboro. All members of the battalion who are interested in baseball are asked to hand in their names to the sergeant of their company, so that a team may be picked out and practice given them.

AT THE WOODBINE.

Toronto, May 9.

It was somewhat of an off-day at Woodbine Park yesterday, and very little fast work was indulged in. The weather was perfect, and the track in capital order, while a large number of turfites were on hand. Mr. Joseph Seagram was among the spectators, and saw several of the Waterloo representatives put through their facings. About the best work was accomplished by Millbrook and Joe Miller, the pair covering a mile in 1.50, the first quarter being run in 26½, the half in 54 and the three-quarters in 1.23. Silk Gowl led Spiritual a mile, which the black mare negotiated in 1.51. Pyramis reeled off six furlongs in 1.22, very easily.

Mr. Hendrie's Pirate, Lochinvar, worked a mile in 1.52, while the hunter Royal Bob went a mile and a half in 3.05. Cardinal and Glen Grove were sent a half in 52½. Armada and Steppingstone, two of Mr. Joseph Duggan's string, breezed a mile in 1.52.

Woodcraft, in the Nixon stable, galloped a mile in 1.57.

Mr. Charley Boyle's Detroit Derby candidate, Strathroy, breezed six furlongs in 1.25½. This comprised all the work of any importance.

ROCHESTER DEFEATS TORONTO.

The Eastern League baseball season was formally opened in this city yesterday by a game between Toronto and Rochester, in which the visitors came out victorious, and succeeded in whitewashing the local players, the score standing at the close 6 to 0. The management made great preparations for a second experimental oil boring station. After that Mr. McConnell goes to the West Kootenay district, where he will be engaged the remainder of the summer. Mr. McEvoy will probably also spend a portion of the summer in West Kootenay, and another survey party will be working in the Shuswap district. Mr. A. P. Lowe will likely go by way of Hudson Bay to further explore that part of the Labrador peninsula. Dr. Bell, assistant director, may also spend a portion of the summer in the vicinity of Hudson Bay, but this is not definitely settled. Dr. Ells will be engaged in the County of Renfrew and adjacent counties on the Ottawa River. Mr. Fletcher will complete the revision of the Sydney coal field in Cape Breton, and then probably spend some time in the Springhill coal field. Mr. Farigault will continue his work on gold bearing rocks in Nova Scotia, chiefly in Halifax, Hants and Lunenburg Counties. Prof. Bailly of New Brunswick will be engaged in that province for a certain portion of the summer. Mr. Tyrrell will probably spend the season to the north of Manitoba. Mr. McInnes will work again in the Rainy River district of Ontario, particularly in the Manitou Lake region, where it is hoped he will be able to complete another sheet of the geological map. Mr. Chalmers will return to work again in the gold bearing districts in the eastern townships. Mr. Giroux will spend the season in eastern Ontario, in the country between Ottawa and Cornwall. Mr. Barlow will be employed in central Ontario on what is known as the Haliburton sheet.

The order of 28th September last, 1895, respecting the reduction of fees for the inspection of grain and the regulations established for the governance of inspectors in accounting for the same, shall be and the same is hereby cancelled.

A. Bodard, Canadian emigration agent in France and Belgium, is in the city en route to the Northwest with a party of French immigrants. The Sarnia has just brought over 100 steerage, 22 intermediate and cabin passengers. Seventy-nine of these were destined to Winnipeg, Arden, Duck Lake, Rathwell, Indian Head and Prince Albert. They comprised fourteen families, 73 souls and six single men.

The Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company (Limited) will ask Parliament for an Act to extend the time for the completion of its work.

Canada Gazette to-morrow will contain the announcement of Col. Tisdale's appointment as Minister of Militia, F. F. Gourdeau as Deputy Minister of Marine and R. McKechnie of Dundas as sub-collector of Customs.

Street Car Advertising.

Advertise your excursions, concerts or on the street car billboards. Rates, including printing, can be obtained at THE SUN office. THE SUN controls the right to this class of advertising in Belleville.

Mr Thos. Errett, Port Burwell Ont., says: "I had been weak and miserable two years I took Miller's Compound Iron Pills and never felt better than I do now." Sold by Alex Ray.

Smoke Pride, best 5c cigar.

Notice To Advertisers.

To ensure change of advertisement copy must be handed in the evening previous to issue

HEAVY HITTING AT WILKESBARRE.

		R	H	E
Wilkesbarre	0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 2	6	11	4
Providence	0 0 0 0 2 3 2 1 0	8	14	2
Scranton	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	6	3
Springfield	0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	3	13	1

		R	H	E
Syracuse	1 1 0 0 2 2 1 2 0	11	12	2
Buffalo	0 1 4 1 1 0 0 0 0	7	11	6

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Pittsburg—		R	H	E
Washington	0 1 0 0 0 1 0 3 0	5	8	6
Pittsburg	7 1 0 0 2 1 5 0 0	16	12	6

Batteries—German, Boyd and McGuire; Hughey and Merritt. Umpire—Lynch.

At Cleveland—		R	H	E
Brooklyn	2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	3	9	1
Cleveland	0 0 0 5 0 1 1 4 0	11	12	1

Batteries—Kennedy, Abbey and Grim; Wilson and Zimmer. Umpire—Hurst.

At Cincinnati—		R	H	E
Cincinnati	2 1 0 3 1 0 2 0 0	9	12	0
Baltimore	0 3 0 0 2 0 0 0 0	5	10	5

Batteries—Ehret and Peitz; Pond, Clarkson and Clarke. Umpire—Emslie.

At Louisville—		R	H	E
Louisville	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4	2
Boston	0 1 2 0 0 0 1 3 0	7	7	0

Batteries—Smith and Warner, Stivetts and Gannon. Umpire—Keefe.

At Chicago—		R	H	E
Philadelphia	0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	3	6	3
Chicago	0 0 0 0 3 2 0 0 0	5	7	2

Batteries—McGill and Boyle; Griffith, Donahue and Kittridge. Umpire—Weidman.

At St. Louis—		R	H	E
New York	0 2 0 0 3 0 0 0 0	5	5	1
St. Louis	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 2	4	4	2

Batteries—Clarke and Wilson, Donahue and McFarland. Umpire—Sheridan.

FRESH FROM DESERONTO.

[We shall be pleased to receive at all times, from anyone, items of local interest, such as church, sporting, social and personal news, which, together with orders for subscriptions or complaints of irregular delivery, should be addressed to Box 31, Deseronto P.O.]

Deseronto, Monday, May 11.—(Special).—Mr. A. S. Valleau was in Belleville on Saturday.

Mr. Westmoreland left for Montreal Saturday with a load of live stock.

Miss Carscallen of Smith's Falls is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Asselstine, Thomas street, for a few weeks.

Miss McLean of North Augusta is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Denmark.

Mrs. Anderson of the Mohawk parsonage intends to move in town and will occupy the residence on Green street recently vacated by Mr. S. Hawley.

Mr. W. J. Malley of the West End Pharmacy has in stock a complete line of bicycle supplies.

The horse attached to Mr. W. S. Moore's bread wagon became frightened on St. George street Saturday afternoon and ran away, turning the rig upside down. Little Arthur Rixen was on the wagon and was thrown off and hurt considerably.

W. W. Carter of the old reliable boot and shoe stand does the footwear business of Deseronto and vicinity and it will pay you to call and see his complete and excellent stock this afternoon or evening.

Mr. James Dryden is contemplating building an addition to the rear of his store on Market square, his present volume of business exceeding his store accommodation.

The seats should be placed in Central Park at once.

People talk about the condition of the business outlook in Deseronto. The recent purchase of Mr. E. W. Scott's business at a good figure goes to show that there are parties still who have bright hopes for the town's future. THE SUN again repeats, "Deseronto is all right."

Mrs. P. says: "My daughter was pale and weakly for two years; she took Miller's Compound Iron Pills for one month and is now well and strong." 50 doses for 25 cents. Sold by Alex. Ray.

Scrofula

Makes life misery to thousands of people. It manifests itself in many different ways, like goitre, swellings, running sores, boils, salt rheum and pimples and other eruptions. Scarcely a man is wholly free from it, in fact some form. It clings tenaciously until the last vestige of scrofulous poison is eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the

One True Blood Purifier.

Thousands of voluntary testimonials tell of suffering from scrofula, often inherited and most tenacious, in every possible form, positively, perfectly and permanently cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. Small size, 2s. 9d.; large, 4s. 6d. Sold by all chemists, or by post of C. I. Hood & Co., 34, Snow Hill, London, E. C.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 1s. 13d.

DESERONTO ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A SMALL SECOND-HAND safe with combination lock. Send full description and lowest price to, P. O. Box 31, Deseronto.

DESERONTO HOUSE, GEO. STEWART, Proprietor. Excellent accommodation. Convenient to boats and trains. Ample stabling facilities. Splendid sample rooms in connection.

TAILORING.—J. M. HALL, THE DESERONTO tailor.—The only establishment in town solely devoted to tailoring. Baker's Block, Main street.

W. B. BENTLEY & CO., BARRISTERS-AT-LAW, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, CONVEYANCERS, ETC. Money to loan at lowest rates. Office: McCullough block, corner St. George and Edward streets, Deseronto, and Toronto Chambers, Toronto.

FRED C. DAVEY, WATCHMAKER AND Jeweller. Repairing of clocks, watches and jewelry at short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed. St. George street.

NO DECISION.

Judgment in the Prohibition Case Given To-day.

London, Eng., May 9.—(Special cable to THE SUN.)—The privy council to-day gave judgment upon the question of prohibitory liquor laws by provincial legislatures. The judgment neither dismissed nor upheld the appeal.

This is the question submitted to the privy council by Sir Oliver Mowat, and the decision has been looked forward to with eagerness by prohibitionists. The judgment practically leaves the power of the provinces in as much doubt as ever.

Cold in the Head

And headache cured in five minutes. Catarrh cured in a week by using Dr. Hunt's Magic Snuff. 25 cents a box. For sale by J. S. McKeown, Alex. Ray, and all druggists.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Flour—The demand is still inactive, and prices nominally unchanged at about $3.40, Toronto freight, for straight rollers.

Bran—The market is unchanged, with cars quoted at $10.25 west. Shorts, $10.75 to $11 west.

Wheat—Trade was slow to-day. A car of white sold at 75c on Northern, and more offers at this price. Red offers at 74½c west. There was a sale of No. 1 Manitoba hard at 64½c Fort William, May delivery, and at Midland the quotation is 70c. No. 1 Northern is quoted at Midland at 68c to 69c.

Barley—Business is very dull and prices unchanged. No. 1 quoted outside at 33c to 40c, No. 2 at 32c to 33c, No. 3 extra at 31c and feed at 29c.

Oats—The market is fairly active and weaker. Ten cars of white sold at 29½c G.T.R. west, and five of mixed at 19½c west. White and mixed offered here at 24c.

Peas—The market is quiet, with sales at 48c, middle freights, and at 50c on Midland.

Buckwheat—This market is steady, with a sale at 32c outside.

Oatmeal—Business quiet, with prices nominal at $2.75 on track.

Corn—The market is dull and prices weak. Yellow and mixed are quoted outside at 30c.

Rye—The market is steady at 47c outside.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

There was a large run of live stock at the Western yards to-day. Total receipts 75 carloads, including 2000 head of hogs, 150 sheep and 100 calves. There were a number of Montreal buyers, and several loads went through. Prices generally show little change. Several loads of shipping cattle sold at 3¾c to 4c per lb. Butchers' cattle unchanged. The best loads sold at 3¼c to 3⅜c per lb., while small lots of extra ones brought a fraction more. Medium cattle sold at 2⅞c to 3c, and common at 2c to 2½c. Milch cows in good demand, with sales at $30 to $40 each. Calves easier, selling at $1.50 to $4.50 each.

Sheep and lambs are steady, with limited offerings. Sheep sold at 3c to 3¼c per lb. Lambs are firm, selling at 4¾c to 5½c per lb., the latter for choice grain-fed. Spring lambs $3 to $4.75.

Hogs generally unchanged, with receipts of 2000 head. The best sold at $3.87, weighed off cars. Thick fats are quoted at $3.50, and the demand for them is slow; stores at $3.65 to $3.75, sows at $3 to $3.25, and stags at $2.

That Bright Idea.

"The world do move," and, by scientific process, the famous Windsor Table Salt is all pure salt. No lime in it, like common brands. All salt; all pure, all living; never cakes. Test it.

Smoke Pride, best 5c cigar

Births, Deaths, Marriages.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths which are inserted in the Daily also appear in the Weekly. Birth 25 cents, marriages and deaths 50 cents.

A Few of the Leading Points on the

QUINTE.

Braced Pedals,
Eadie's Patent Toughened Cranks,
Smith's Patent Head Lock,
Detachable Rear Forks,
Doubly Reinforced Front Forks,
Friction Reducing Chain Wheels.

Greenleaf & Son.

Repairing a Specialty.

BELLEVILLE MARKET.

Wheat—75c to 78c.
Barley—30c to 35c.
Rye—43c to 45c.
Peas—50c to 55c.
Oats—25c to 30c.
Buckwheat—30c to 35c.
Flour—$3.25 to $4.50 per bbl.
Bran—90c to $1 per cwt.
Timothy seed—$3 to $3.50.
Red clover—$5 to $5.50.
Lucerne clover—$4.25 to $4.75.
Alsyke—$3.75 to $4.10.
Flax ground—$3.
Flax whole—$3.
Ground cilcake—$1.75.
Hay—$15 to $17.
Straw—$4.50 to $5 per load.
Hogs, live—$3.25 to $3.40.
Hogs, dressed—$4.25.
Beef, quarters—2c to 5c.
Live Beef—2c to 2½c.
Veal per quarter—4c. to 6c. per lb.
Mutton per quarter—6c. to 8c. per lb
Gruthy hides—$3
Rough hides—$4.
Trimmed hides—$4.50.
Deakins—20c to 30c.
Pelts, green—60c to 75c.
Kips—40c each
Veal skins—5c to 6c per lb.
Wool—17 to 18c per lb.
Dairy butter—13c to 16.
Lard—10c to 12c per lb.
Eggs—10c to 13c.
Potatoes—35c per bag.
Apples—40c to 50c per bag.
Cabbage—6c to 10c per head.
Chickens—50c to 75c per pair.
Carrots—15c per peck.
Parsnips—20c per peck.
Rhubarb (fresh)—5 c per bunch.
Onions (green)—20c per doz. bunches.
Lambs, dressed—$5.
Ducks—65c to 75c per pair.
Geese—60c to 90c each.
Turkeys—75c to $1 each.
Tallow, fine—4c.
Tallow, rough—2½c.
Beets—15c per peck.
Horse hides—$1 to $1.50.
Onions (dry)—25c to 30c per peck.
Bass—8c per lb.
Herring—6c per lb.
Salt cucumbers—25c to 40c per pail.
Whitefish—10c to 11c per
Haddie—9c. per lb.
Salmon—10c to 11c per lb.
Oranges, Messina—$2.25 to $2.75 a box.
Lemons—$2.50 to $2.75 a box.
Maple syrup—$1 per gal.
Long clear bacon (sides)—6½c. per lb.
Shoats per pair—$4.50 to $5.00.
Maple sugar—9c to 10c per lb.
Pike—6c. per lb.
Lettuce—5c. per bunch.
Radishes 5c. per bunch.

Mrs. S., says: "I had been suffering from Rheumatic Pain for months. Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray.

TRENTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE KENWOOD, ANTELOPE AND GRIFFITH Leader bicycles are all strictly high grade wheels, and I am selling them at prices to suit the times. Give me a call before buying your '96 mount. W. J. CAMPBELL, Trenton, Ont. Trenton agent for Greenleaf & Son, repairmen.

DON'T BUY YOUR '96 BICYCLE UNTIL you see the

WARWICK.

Examine the points of superiority, and absolute dust-proof bearings. CHAS. BONTER, agent for Trenton.

CUNNINGHAM'S LIVERY—BUS AND hacks to meet all trains. Calls made to any part of the town. Undertaking a specialty. Orders by telephone promptly attended to.

Nothing enhances the complexion like good digestion, and nothing ensures good digestion like Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. When you ask for Adams'

Tutti Frutti

see that no imitation is palmed off on you. Look for the Trade Mark name Tutti Frutti on each 5c. package. Save coupons inside of wrappers for

Latest Books. 95

Euthymol Tooth Paste

Is aromatic, deodorant, antiseptic and cleansing. It will also be found of value in destroying germs which may be present in the mouth.

For sale at the Pharmacy

D. M. WATERS.

MR. THOS. RITCHIE.

To the Electors of West Hastings:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been solicited by a large number of the electors of West Hastings to allow myself to become a candidate to represent this constituency in the Commons, and being assured by them that there is a general desire throughout the riding that I would consent, I take this opportunity to say that, if it is really the wish of any considerable majority that I should have the honor to represent them in the next Dominion Parliament, I will forego my personal reluctance to enter the field of active politics and place my services at the disposal of this constituency, with which my life interests have been identified.

I shall come before you, however, not bound by any distinctive party allegiance, but bound only by my convictions as to what I believe to be for the general well-being and prosperity of this my native land. I am a Canadian, and whatever I may do will be done for what I consider is for the good of my country as a whole, and not merely for the benefit of a section, or party, or class. While recognizing that, in a general way, government by party is a convenient and desirable method, yet I hold that the mere partyism which so largely prevails in this land, of otherwise such free representative institutions, as subversive of those higher ends for which all truly loyal subjects ought to serve.

I will take occasion before the day of election to fully state my views on public questions and on matters of administration, in order that everyone, before casting a vote, may know the principles by which my course shall be guided. I am, Yours faithfully,

THOS. RITCHIE.

PROF DORENWEND,

AMERICA'S GREATEST HAIR GOODS Artist, will be here for one day only at **Hotel Quinte, Belleville, on FRIDAY, MAY 15th.** He is on his way to Manitoba, N. W. T., and B. C., and on his way is taking in a few places in Ontario by special request of a large number of customers. Ladies who wish for stylish hair, and gentlemen who are bald, should remember that on this visit they will have the pick of the largest stock ever offered. It consists of Bangs, Frontpieces of the latest styles, Switches, Wigs, Toupees, etc.

The Dorenwend Co. (Ltd.,)

103 and 105 Yonge street, Toronto. Canada's leading hair goods house.

Pretty Popular

H O T O S

P H O T O S

AT THE

PEOPLE'S PHOTOGRAPHERS',

YEREX BROS.

Opposite Anglo-American.

"Chaon Orr,"

AN AUTOBIOGRAPHY BY

Mrs. Eva Rose York.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

Now on sale at the following places:

BELLEVILLE:

C. B. Scantlebury's.
The Sun Office.

TORONTO:

Standard Publishing Co.
Methodist Book Room.
Tyrrell's Book Store.

GOOD ROADS

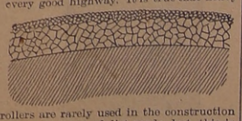
HEAVY ROLLERS ON DIRT ROADS.

They Give the Form and Consistency That Are Essential to All Good Roads.

Every day it is becoming more firmly established that a good roller is the most valuable piece of machinery employed in the roadmaker's art, and indeed without it neither can the foundation or subsoil of the roadway be made uniformly hard and reliable nor the surface layer be given that uniform compactness and solidity which give excellence to the road and insure a perpetual economy in the cost o maintenance and repairs. To one who has seen a heavy road roller used in compacting the soil of a new roadway these facts will be very evident.

If a length of 1,000 yards in an ordinary earth road be cut to an exact and uniform grade one foot below the original surface of the road, it will be found in most cases that the new surface thus exposed will present an appearance which to the ordinary observer is of a uniform material and even hardness from end to end. But the passage of a roller weighing from 10 to 15 tons over this new surface will soon disclose defects and soft spots located at irregular intervals throughout the length of the work, and as the process of rolling continues the uniformity of the grade will disappear, and what at first appeared to be a tolerably satisfactory surface will develop into a succession of humps, holes and undulations.

In the using of the roller in actual work these depressions and soft spots are carefully filled and brought to the line of the required grade, while the successive passing of the heavy roller over the filling gives to the entire road that form and consistency which are so essential to every good highway. It is true that heavy



rollers are rarely used in the construction or improvement of dirt roads, but this is owing as much to a lack of knowledge of the real value of a good roller as to the apparently formidable outlay involved in its first cost.

All dirt roads become hard and passable by the use of a roller. Every wagon wheel acts as a roller upon the road surface, and the value of its rolling qualities depends upon the width of the wheel tires and the load which the wheel sustains, but the wagon wheel is generally made so narrow as to create ruts in many cases, and its use always tends to develop the weak spots, humps, holes and undulations which are so quickly revealed in the use of the regular roller. Moreover, the rolling qualities exerted by the wheels of passing traffic are never bestowed uniformly upon the entire width of the roadway, but are confined throughout the length of most country roads to the narrow lines of travel which marked the tracks of the wheels of the first passing vehicle, and which seem to have been followed with scrupulous care by all the vehicles which came after.

The result is that the roadway on both sides of these beaten tracks is often left in a soft, muddy or rutty condition, and when two heavily loaded vehicles are compelled to pass each other the necessity of turning out results in a breakdown or in the delay and difficulty which are familiar to every farmer just in proportion to the number of these that he has been stuck in the mud by reason of the conditions here described.—Century.

BICYCLES AND ROADS.

Indirectly the Wheeling Craze Will be of Value to Farmers.

It is estimated that 500,000 bicycles will be sold the present year, to such enormous proportions has the craze for the "wheel" attained. I do not suppose that any great number of these will go into the hands of farmers, and yet the farmer is likely to be as greatly benefited by this piece of mechanism as any class of citizens, for while country people have for generations been dragging along over poor, rough and muddy roads no sooner has this great army of bicyclers arisen than there has arisen a concerted movement all over the country for better roads. Never before has public attention been so sharply drawn to this matter of wretched highways, and, what is more to the purpose, substantial progress has been made, not only in arousing public opinion, but in actually forcing a beginning to be made in scientific road construction. In many instances states have taken hold of the matter and are constructing state highways, while elsewhere counties have undertaken the same work. Nothing succeeds like success, and the experience with these new roads is sure to lead to the building of others near them, and so the good work will spread. —Practical Farmer.

Soaking Seeds Before Sowing.

It is stated that soaking seeds in a weak solution of nitrate of soda, previous to sowing, induces an early germination and a more sturdy growth. The argument is that in the presence of nitrates the reserve substances of the seed are more readily dissolved, that if too concentrated solutions are used germination will be retarded instead of hastened. The experiments show that germinating seeds take up nitrates and convert them into albuminous matter at a very early period in their development. Eleven-day-old corn plants showed 15.92 per cent. albuminous matter where nitrates had been used, and 11.69 per cent where without it

Step in the Right Direction.

While the movement for improved highways has not yet accomplished what was expected of it in some sections of the country, the agitation of the question has served to educate the people not only in relation to the value of good roads, but also as to the means of preserving serviceable highways when once secured. It is now generally recognized that the use of wagons with wide tires is one of the indispensable aids to the maintenance of permanently good roads, and the near future will undoubtedly witness the practical desertion of the narrow tire for all heavy wagons.—Colman's Rural World.

Annual Loss from Poor Roads.

Gen. Roy Stone, Government engineer in charge of the department of roads inquiry, said at the National Good Roads conference at Asbury Park last year that there are about 500,000,000 tons of freight hauled over roads every year in the United States, and 60 per cent. of the cost of doing it was due to bad roads. He believed that the loss from poor roads in this country would aggregate no less than $623,000,000 annually.

SHE CAUSES A SENSATION.

Mlle. Couedon Foretells the Fate of Nations and High and Low Throng to Hear.

"Le tout Paris," as Bourget calls it, has gone crazy over the wonderful clairvoyant powers of a young woman living in an obscure street in the great city. Her powers are marvelous, and she claims to be under the personal direction of the Archangel Gabriel. The subject comes home to us more forcibly from the fact that, within the past two weeks, news has been spread that in the hamlet of Pleasant Valley, not far from Indianapolis, there lives a young girl of 18, who declares she has held converse with the Lord.

This girl, Lida Nelson by name, belongs to the Friends' Church, and her assertion is all the more remarkable, as that sedate and quiet body of worshippers so seldom give themselves up to the religious exaltations so common among other denominations. The American girl is quietly pursuing the mission she claims to have received from God direct, to convert all sinners and bring them to Him. The French girl is equally sincere in fulfilling her mission, which seems to be to guide the political affairs of France through the medium of the Archangel Gabriel. Both zealots refuse money for their labors, and this gives what would otherwise seem a marvelous tale of the

Arabian Nights' order, a stamp of sincerity and good faith, at least.

The "Illustration" gives the following account of the rise, progress and results of Henriette Couedon's wonderful powers—

"In a hotel in the Rue Serpente, the 4th of last March, the monthly meeting of the Society of Physical Sciences was being held. This meeting was specially notable for the introduction of a very interesting subject in the person of a young girl barely 20 years old, Mlle. Henriette Couedon. Her case brought up the question of 'Illuminati.' After many experiments and a great deal of discussion, under the immediate supervision of the president, M. l'Abbe Brettes, Canon of Notre Dame, who secretly takes more than an ordinary interest in such matters, Henriette Couedon was so far indorsed that she was allowed to practise her vocation undisturbed by the Church. As all these discussions were held in secret and the press religiously excluded from any participation in them, only an echo from some indiscreet babbler has penetrated to the outer world; no inkling of the real reason why she has been indorsed by the ecclesiastics has so far been given to the public.

"The accompanying portrait of the 'clairvoyante' was surreptitiously obtained by a clever member of the 'Illustration' staff, who, more audacious than his brethren, managed to steal in to a private seance granted to some members of the Chambres, by boldly mingling with them and keeping his ears well open, catching the 'open sesame' given by the man preceding him.

"The papers were soon filled with the wonders of this girl's powers, and entered into sharp competition with each other as to which could give the most details. Through them it was soon learned that on the fourth floor of an apartment in the Rue Paradise—the name being appropriate—there lived in quiet domesticity a very respectable young woman, who claimed to be in direct communication with heaven by means of a wire invisible to ordinary mortals. The Archangel Gabriel, it was said, telephoned to her revelations on the destines of empires and republics.

"The forced resignation of M. Berthelot had been foretold by her long before the event actually took place, and the European complications in the Egyptian question had been announced by her; she had predicted disasters, and her anxiety to avert these, if possible led her into the smallest details. The clairvoyante claimed to have received her divine mission for the purpose of warning those at the helms of nations against the perfidious suggestions and dark plots of the Evil One. In order to attest the divine origin of her communications she said they were delivered in a loud voice not in common prose but in smoothly flowing rhythms.

"Spiritualists and Theosophists became uneasy; occultism was agitated and the crowd which always follows the leader rushed in great numbers to the quiet house in the Rue Paradise. Then a strange spectacle was seen; all sexes, professions and classes mingled in a struggling mass crowding the courtyard, the vestibule and the staircase leading to the terrestrial salon where these celestial dispatches were received. The incredulous elbowed the doubting inquirer and the fervent believer; the crowd were lined up in the street just as the same crowd would stand patiently for hours waiting their turn at the box office of a theater where some great celebrity was playing.

"Men of note, wearing decorations, were seen among this gathering, and it was an every-day sight to discover a member of the Chambres sitting on the step of the staircase, quietly munching a sandwich while waiting his turn to consult the sibyl. And the canaille stood on the other side of the street, gazing with protruding eyes and gaping mouths at the windows, behind which 'something was happening.'"

But fame brought its penalties and annoyances, and the nuisance became so great that the tenants in the houses in the immediate vicinity gave notice that unless it was abated they would move. So the landlord, in self-protection, was obliged to notify the formerly obscure family that their rooms were preferable to their company; and the intermediary of the Archangel has sought quarters at Passy, where, in a quiet house hidden by high trees, she may still be consulted on the fate of nations. In all her dealings, Mlle. Couedon receives no money payments, as her mission is divine; but presents of great value pour in to her daily from her wealthy patrons.

Stepped It Off.

It is a commonly-accepted theory that a man steps three feet, and many a tract of land has been "stepped off" instead of measured with a chain. In the west they obviate the difficulties of surveys by the land being divided into sections, but in Pennsylvania much of the property, especially in the mountains, must still be described by metes and bounds.

In one of the counties in Western Pennsylvania are two brothers, one of whom is tall and lank, the other short and fat. Many years ago they purchased a tract of mountain land calling for a mile square. They divided the labor of measuring it, one stepping off one side, the other the other side. Then they fenced it in and were perfectly satisfied until recently when suit was brought to recover a considerable tract of the land. Each brother swore that they knew the measurement to be right, and told how it had been done. Then, as the spectators saw the short legs of the one, scarcely long enough to reach the floor when he sat in a chair, and the elongated extremities of the other, there was a general laugh, in which the judge and attorney joined. Upon surveying, it was found that one line was a mile and a half long, and the other only a little over half a mile.

Smoke Pride, best 5c cigar

Table Board

"Ye Olde Homestead" is prepared to take a limited number of table boarders for the summer months.

Citizens who do not care to have the bother and worry of preparing their own meals during the warm weather will find an excellent service provided for their comfort.

A. W. DICKENS.

REASONABLE CHARGES.

Fruits

In a life time at it, we have learned many valuable things about fruits—where to get them, where to get the best, how to get them and how much to pay for them.

We have reason to believe we handle more fruit than any retail fruit house between Toronto and Montreal.

Fresh Strawberries,
Fresh Pineapples,
Fresh Oranges,
Fresh Lemons.

Until the season of each is over.

Ed. F. Dickens.

It is a Thankless Task

to advertise a business which does not justify the advertising.

The man who writes the "ads" is an important man in any business.

But he cannot exist by himself. He must have some firm ground to stand upon.

If the goods are not right and if the price is not right the best advertising that ever was written would not make a success of the business.

Our advertising has helped us build up our business, but the goods we sell you, at the prices we ask for them, coupled with excellent store service, is the principal secret of our success.

LOUIS BENMORE, the Grocer.

Children's Hats!

We are particularly strong in children's headwear. All the cute little hats and caps that go to grace the heads of the little folks are a part of our stock in trade.

Tam O'Shanters
Naval Cadet Caps

and all the other pretty novelties of the season.

MEN'S CAPS

—in abundance — all "swell" shapes for summer.

Golf Caps
Bicycle Caps
Etc., etc.

in all the latest shapes, makes and colors.

JOHN BRASIER,
The Hatter.

Ward Off Sickness!

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

With a little trouble and a very small expenditure of money you can save yourself the danger of a prolonged sickness.

Deodorizers and disinfectants are the preventatives.

Chloride of Lime
Copperas
Carbolic Acid
Brimstone

Delays are dangerous.

Clarke's Drug Store.

The Only Machinery

—in Canada for the manufacture of the Patent Folded Paper Carpet Lining is owned by us and operated herein this city. We own the patent for Canada.

Each successive yard as it is rolled from the machine carries with it an absolute guarantee that the carpet under which it will eventually lie will be the better for its use.

It saves more than its cost every year in the wear of the carpet.

Insist on having the Patent Folded Paper Carpet Lining.

S. A. Lazier & Sons
Sole Manufacturers.

The Folks Fax Fits.

Just observe when you meet
Well dressed men on the street
How neatly their four buttoned
sack sits;
If you meet one to day
Just ask him. He'll say:
"I'm one of the folks that Fax fits."

That's it—"**Fax Fits Folks,**" must fit folks, not only **nearly** every time, but **every** time. Whether it's a "**four-buttoned Sack,**" or a "**frock,**" or a "**full dress,**" the greatest possible care is taken with the minutest detail of its construction.

FAX, The Tailor.

Ordered Shirts

Our ordered-shirt department is in full operation.

We have a new lot of patterns in colored goods such as

French Cambrics,
Scotch Zephyrs,
English Oxfords,
Outing Flannels.

We make shirts in all styles —collars and cuffs to match.

You can have them the "**King Shirt**" way or any style desired.

In any case you get "**The Kind that fits.**"

A. E. FISH & CO.,
Gents' Furnisher.

Bicycle Accident Tickets

$1,000 for death or the loss of two eyes, or two hands, or two feet, or a hand and a foot, by a bicycle accident.

$333 for the loss of a hand, or a foot, or an eye by a bicycle accident.

$5 weekly for total disablement by a bicycle accident, or caused by typhoid, typhus or scarlet fever or smallpox.

$1.25 weekly for partial disablement by a bicycle accident.

Costs but $1.50, good until Dec. 31st.

Write you up in a minute.

T. C. LAZIER,
Sole Agent.

Most People

Have a specialty; we're most fortunate—we have several to draw upon. To-day we have two:

Corsets,
Shirt Waists.

Ladies' shirt waists, all the newest styles in

French Lawns,
" Prints,
" Dimities.

Guaranteed washable. 75c to $1.75.

CORSETS.

A splendid line of corsets, $1 and $1.25, we're clearing them at 75c.

You've paid twice 75c for no better.

SINCLAIR & OSTROM.

A Few ?????

Are you aware that the season is approaching when thunder showers may be expected?

These showers are likely to be accompanied by **Lightning.**

If your building was struck by lightning during the next shower what would be the financial result?

A fire insurance policy is better than the average lightning rod. Do you know it?

Do you know that tramps sometimes sleep in barns and that they invariably smoke pipes? See the drift?

Be very careful and insure with the old tried and most reliable companies.

We represent only these.

T. C. LAZIER,
Fire Insurance Agent.

Come to Me

—if you have a difficult problem in House Furnishings to overcome.

I have special facilities for helping you out.

To wit:

Furniture Coverings,
Draperies,
Lace Curtains,
Grille Work,
Table Drapes,
Carpets,
Rugs,
China Matting,
Hassocks,
Window Shades, Etc.

THOS. P. BROWN,
House Furnisher.

NEW YORK LETTER.

A Successful Season for Diaphonous Textiles Assured.

New York, May 1.—All the elegant shops are aglow with a dainty and beautiful exhibit of midsummer attire; organdies with an undeniable French accent; batistes, linen lawns, Marie Antonette muslins with silk warp and satin designs; fancy chiffons, zephyrs, chambrays, and so on "ad infinitum." A successful season for these dainty diaphanous textiles is already assured, and the prevailing styles in dress can be most beautifully and advantageously carried out in these soft, sheer fabrics.

The contrasting tones of layers of chiffon over chiffon are delightfully shown in a blouse made of cream chiffon over rose-colored chiffon, producing a shadowy shot effect. Another blouse of white chiffon over pink is trimmed with a rosetted collarette of Venetian lace and chiffon pleated up around the shoulders in long Vandyke points, front and back.

A corn flower silk blouse is made up with pleatings of yellow mousseline de soie edged with Honiton points, the insertion lace neck band having pleated fans of muslin falling from its lower edge. The sleeves and belt are trimmed with Honiton insertion over yellow silks.

Very elegant black and white gowns are made with rich black skirts, the waists made of jetted and spangled net over white satin front and back, and the bodice has wide revers of white moire turned back to show the full front. These revers are draped with the other revers of black mousseline de soie. The collar and draped belt are of salmon-colored miroir velvet. The majority of waist models, in spite of their reduced sleeves, still give much breadth to the shoulders by means of full flaring collarettes, fichu frills on the top of the arm, and short wavy pelerines, more or less elaborate in effect. These small shoulder capes, not more than a quarter or three-eighths of a yard deep, simply adorn the neck and shoulders. They are richly lined and give a pretty finish to any outdoor costume.

Black velvet, lined with white or mauve satin, is a favored style. Although the huge balloon effects have all vanished from the bodices for spring and summer, the top of the sleeve is still the place for the display of elaborate and dressy decorations of every description, and a popular mode for the short, stout woman who longs for the new wings that all are wearing, but who dare not venture upon the ultra sort, is the triple circle of closely-gathered velvet-bound shoulder frills deep on the upper portion of the sleeve, arching outward and thus covering a portion of the too great width of arm, and narrowing to a point on each side on the under part of the sleeve and ending on the very top of the shoulder in a full twisted rosette of the silk or other dress goods, also bound with velvet. Velvet bindings are mentioned provisionally, as the same idea can be carried out in silk, satin or brocade, but velvet is the most effective and also the most becoming, and velvet ribbon makes a more delicate binding than piece velvet. The round full waist in blouse or surplice effect, the jaunty, open jacket bodice with all its charming etceteras, the picturesque sleeves, the full flowing skirts and all the fascinating and artistic finishings of the summer toilette; the frills, fraises, ruches, Marie Antoinette fichus, sashes, bows, berthas and the like; are all seen at their very best [illegible] already being prepared for midsummer wear.

Gown for a Young Girl.

Underdress of pale-green dimity, with over-blouse of grass linen in open embroidery; the over-blouse, fastened in the back, is made to give the round, baby-waist effect, and is just short enough to

show the waist girdle of pale-green silk which finishes the under bodice. India silk, swivel silk, grass linen, batiste and lawn dresses, with upper blouses of all-over embroidery or lace, are very effective made in this style.

A New Vienna Lace.

Vienna guipure is the name of a new lace, worked entirely in buttonhole stitch over fine cord. The design is traced on cambric—a very fine material is not necessary—and this is tacked on enameled cloth, to keep the work flat. The outlines of the design are run or stitched with coarse cotton or cream silk, and the buttonhole stitch is worked over this and over a couple of strands of fine cord of thick silk; cream silk is used for the best work, and it is the most effective. The whole of the design is then filled in with close rows of buttonhole stitch, worked one into the other, and the connecting loops are worked and inter-laced at the same time. The different forms in the design are connected by loops that are not worked into the cambric, but lie over it, the cambric being afterward cut away from underneath. The buttonhole stitches are worked into the cambric to give firmness.

Goslings With Hens.

Six eggs of geese under a hen are sufficient, and the hen will take good care of them. The best place for them is on a grassy plot, as they are very partial to green food. At first they should be fed mashed potatoes thickened with ground oats and ground meat, three times a day the first week, twice a day the next two weeks, and once a day until they are feathered, as they will soon learn to secure their food. Give plenty of drinking water and provide dry quarters at night, but do not allow them on ponds.

Only a Plagiarism.

"You stole this man's overcoat?" said the justice inquiringly.

"That's rather a hard way of putting it, judge," protested the playwright.

"How would you put it, then?" asked the justice.

"I think it would sound a little better if you said I plagiarized it."—Chicago Evening Post.

Hints on Flower Culture.

During the past three or four years cannas have been extensively cultivated by flower lovers.

In our climate, where frosts continue until late in the spring, and where again we find our choicest flowers cut down in the fall, as early as September or October, I have found the dwarf varieties much more satisfactory than those of stateller growth. I had some fine plants of the French variety, Mme. Crozy, from seed the past summer. Growing from the seed, which must be started early in the greenhouse or hot-bed, requires more care and culture than the plants raised from bulbs; but to the flower lover who enjoys experimenting there is a certain satisfaction derived from growing rare plants in this way that does not come from those raised from bulbs or slips procured in a more matured state. I was told that if half the seeds grew that I planted I ought to be entirely satisfied. I secured a paper of the dwarf variety from a reliable florist, and after filing the ends (the outer shell is extremely hard) and soaking in lukewarm water a few hours, I planted them in rich soil, and all the seeds, with a single exception, grew. The plants are great feeders, delighting in a rich, generous soil. The foliage has a decidedly tropical appearance, and with their tall spikes of rich red and yellow flowers, a bed of cannas is, indeed, "a thing of beauty."

The culture of callas is so general that an article concerning them may seem extremely trite, but so many have complained to me that while their plants grew finely they fail to bloom, and I venture to give my method of culture.

I have grown these plants for years, and by various experiments have come to one conclusion—for callas to do their best, they must have a season of rest.

In the spring I take all the bulbs from the pots, and with a knife cut them apart, and place them all, large and small, in a bed in the garden.

I do not give them any more care until fall, then the latter part of September, or early October, I have the pots thoroughly cleaned and filled with rich soil, then, placing four or five bulbs in a large pot, I remove them to sunny windows and water them every morning with lukewarm water. In this way they bloom finely and continuously until spring.

By experimenting I have found that they do better in pots or jars without drainage. It has been said that bulbs will not bloom until three years old, but this is an error. By following the above mode of culture, mine often bloom when only one year old.

A Mountain Legend.

There she stood, a yawning chasm a hundred feet wide in front of her—an inaccessible cliff on her right—a second yawning chasm on her left.

She looked down into the black depths and shuddered. Two hundred feet below was the rock-bestrewn bed of the chasm. To fall into that awful abyss meant a shriek—a gasp or two for breath—a bloodstain on the rocks to be washed away by the horrible dampness of a spot on which the sun had never shone since the creation of the world.

"Oh I cannot do it—I cannot," she cried, in tones of anguish as she looked across at the eastern bank of the chasm.

She meant that she could not jump that distance of a hundred feet, although she had taken first prize in a bicycle race. Figuring on a basis of 100 cents on the dollar the situation looked dubious.

"Help! Help!" shrieked the maiden in tones which would have reached the ears of a land boomer a mile away, but which brought no relief. The echo of her voice came back from the rugged rocks and the tall pines, and a gaunt, fierce wolf started from her sleep and howled for porterhouse steak.

"No, there was no help for Lulu. Wings would have enabled her to fly across the chasm, but she had no wings. A ladder 200 feet long would have taken her to the top of the cliff on her right, but she could not make a ladder out of six hair-pins and a button-hook.

"Must I perish here?" moaned the fair young girl as large fat tears coursed down her peachy cheeks and fell with a soft pat! pat! pat! on the cruel rocks at her feet.

It looked as if she must. When a young, beautiful and helpless girl is brought into such a situation nothing but a seeming miracle can save her life.

"Will no one help me? Am I doomed?"

The wolf howled again and again, and a well-fed owl, perched on a limb above her head, slowly opened his eyes and looked down upon her and uttered his solemn cry. All indications pointed to a funeral procession a mile long, and the precipitous cliffs and yawning chasms seemed to be reaching out for a victim, when Lulu gave a sudden start of surprise, a sweet smile rippled over her face, and she exclaimed:—

"Saved! Saved! I am not doomed! I shall not perish here! I will go back the way I came and take advantage of the occasion to call on the Davis girls and see if they have bought their new spring wraps yet!"

And thus was the fair heroine drawn back from the shadow of death and saved to open another dressmaking establishment with lessons in cooking attached. The wolf howled and the owl hooted, but it was too, too late.

Hoast is the old Scotch name for a cough. The English name for the best cure for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma and Bronchitis is Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Smoke Pride, best 5c cigar.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ALWAYS CURE

AFTER TEN YEARS SUFFERING

Two Box Cure

MILVERTON, 28TH JULY, 1895.

Gentlemen,—For the last ten years I had been troubled with kidney disease, being so bad at intervals that I could not lie in bed at night nor stoop to the ground.

I had tried all the remedies I could find without effect, but heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills and procured a box.

I am most happy to say it for my own sake as well as for others that I am perfectly cured after using four boxes.

JOHN RILEY.

AN INSULT.

Man's Desire to Deceive Shows Itself in an Unusual Way.

In one of the down town restaurants yesterday a man laboring apparently under a pressure of righteous indignation stepped up to the cashier and slapped a 10-cent check down in front of her.

"Didn't the long, slim, consumptive-looking fellow that went out of here a minute ago pay you half a dollar?" he demanded.

"Yes, sir," said the cashier.

"That was what his check called for, wasn't it?"

"Certainly."

"Didn't make any kick about its being too much, did he?"

"Not at all."

"Didn't say your prices were higher than anywhere else in town?"

"He did not."

"It's just as I thought" he rejoined. "He took my check and left his in its place. All he had was a slice of toast and a cup of tea, and I had a sirloin steak with trimmings. That man," he went on, with increasing energy and in a loud voice, "couldn't have eaten the meal I did to save his life. He wanted you to think he could. He changed checks with me on purpose. He's nothing but a dyspeptic putting on airs. It's a mean, sneaking insult and I won't submit to it without exposing his contemptible little trick. I'll pay his check, but I want you to understand I'm the man that had the square meal"

He threw down a dime and walked out of the restaurant with his hat on one side of his head, leaving a cashier in a state of utter collapse.—Chicago Tribune.

He Wants Others to Know.

Dear editor:

Please state in your valued journal, that if any sufferer from nervous debility, seminal weakness, lack of energy and ambition, lost manhood, night losses, etc., will write me in confidence, I will inform him by sealed letter, free of charge, how to obtain a perfect cure. I ask for no money, having nothing to sell. I know how to sympathize with these sufferers and am only too glad to be able to assist them. I promise every one absolute secrecy and as I do not, of course, wish to expose myself either, I do not give my name. If you desire to get well, send stamp and address simply: P. O. Box 388, London, Ont.

For Children's Parties.

Are you thinking of having a birthday or other party for your little girl or boy If so, call or write for samples of the pretty designs for invitations which are being exhibited by THE SUN job department

TRANSPORTATION.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Trains arrive at and depart from Belleville station as follows:

Going East.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail	11:00 a.m.	11:05 a.m
Express	12:20 p.m.	12:25 p.m
Mixed	5:50 p.m.	6:00 p.m
Mixed		6:30 a.m
†Express	12:50 a.m.	12:55 a.m

Going West.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
†Express	3:10 a.m.	3:15 a.m
*Limited	4:15 a.m.	4:20 a.m
Passenger	11:25 a.m.	11:55 a.m
Express	5:00 p.m.	5:05 p.m
Mixed	9:30 p.m.	

PETERBORO DIVISION.
Going West.

	LEA
Mail	5:45 a.m
Mixed	5:10 p.m

Going East.

	ARRIVE.
Mail	3:30 p.m
Mixed	11:40 a.m

MADOC JCT. AND MADOC.
Going North.

	LEAVE.
Mixed	5:50 p.m
Mixed	11:45 a.m

Going South.

	ARRIVE.
Mixed	8:30 a.m
Mixed	4:40 p.m

† Runs daily.
* Runs daily except Monday

Rochester, Kingston & Montreal

Weekly service, calling at way ports, the people's favorite steamer, commencing the season on SATURDAY, May 2.

"ALEXANDRIA"

Leaves Montreal, Thursday at 10 a.m.
Arrives Belleville, Saturday at 11:45 a.m.
Leaves for Rochester, Saturday at 1:45 p.m.
Arrives from Rochester, Monday at 6:30 a.m.
Leaves for Montreal, Monday at 7:30 a.m.
First trip to Rochester, Saturday, May 2.

Spacious and elegant saloon, ample stateroom accommodation, the choicest and best meals furnished. Electric lighted throughout and powerful searchlight. Safety, comfort and enjoyment ensured by personal supervision of Capt. Smith and Purser Wilson. Careful handling of freight.

For tickets and staterooms at lowest rates apply to THE RATHBUN COMPANY, Agents.

LAKE ONTARIO & BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

ROCHESTER ROUTE—Steamer North King—Commencing April 26, 1896, leaves Belleville for Rochester 11:45 p.m. Sundays; leaves Belleville for Kingston 3:20 a.m. Sundays.

KINGSTON ROUTE—Steamer Hero—Leaves Belleville for Picton and Kingston Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 a.m.

U. E. THOMPSON, RATHBUN Co., agents, Belleville.

H. H. GILDERSLEEVE, General Manager.

Steamer Varuna

A. HICKS, Captain,

Will leave Trenton every morning (Sundays excepted), at 7:30 o'clock, calling at all bay ports, leaving Belleville at 8:30 a.m. and Deseronto at 10:20 a.m.; will connect at Picton with stage for Sand Banks. Parties wishing to arrange for excursion rates will see Capt. Hicks on board. Returning, will leave Picton at 1 p.m., Deseronto 2:30 p.m., Belleville 4:30 p.m., arriving in Trenton at 6 p.m.

C. DEVINNEY, Agent, Trenton. RATHBUN CO., Agents, Belleville and Deseronto.

J. W. HEPBURN, Agent, Picton.

BBB FOR THE BLOOD

B. B. B. Turns Bad Blood Into Rich Red Blood.

In Spring Time get Pure Blood by using B.B.B.

No other remedy possesses such perfect cleansing, healing and purifying properties as Burdock Blood Bitters. It not only cleanses internally, but it heals, when applied externally, all sores, ulcers, abscesses, scrofulous sores, blotches, eruptions, etc., leaving the skin clean and pure as a babe's. Taken internally it removes all morbid effete or waste matter from the system, and thoroughly regulates all the organs of the body, restoring the stomach, liver, bowels and blood to healthy action. In this way the sick become well, the weak strong, and those who have that tired, worn out feeling receive new vigor, and buoyant health and spirits, so that they feel like work. If your appetite is poor, your energy gone, your ambition lost, B.B.B. will restore you to the full enjoyment of happy vigorous life.

TO MIDLAND DISTRICT PRINTERS:

THE BELLEVILLE SUN JOB DEPARTMENT HAS PURchased the exclusive right to fifteen patent processes which enable us to do exceptionally fine work in the following lines:

Graining—any shade.

Tinting—any color or design desired.

Embossing in all known methods. Large or small work.

Giving antique finish to paper.

Chalk Plate Engravings—any size with or without design Chalk plates.

Color work by non-mutilating process. (Printing two or more colors from solid cut).

We also have all the latest styles of type, ornaments, borders, etc., (including a special importation of job specialties from Columbus, O.), and are just adding additional stone room, cases, racks, etc., in order to handle out-of-town [illegible] good supply [illegible] the result.

When your customers desire work of this class, send us the order. We guarantee satisfaction.

SUN Job Department, Belleville.

Ripans Tabules

are good for headache, heartburn, sour stomach, belching, biliousness, torpid liver, drowsiness, lassitude, foul taste in the mouth, bad breath, constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia.

The formula by which they are made is in use in the greatest hospitals in the world and is prescribed daily by nine doctors out of ten. Three times in five when a physician is called he will write a prescription the items in which will almost exactly correspond with those of the Ripans Tabules formula.

Your druggist can supply Ripans Tabules in little vials at 15 cents or in a box containing six of these vials for 50 cents. If he will not get them for you, address, with the price.

The Ripans Chemical Co.
10 Spruce street, New York.

GOOD ADVICE ABOUT DYSPEPSIA.

The best advice about dyspepsia is—cure it with Burdock Blood Bitters, and as surely as you follow the advice and take the medicine the cure will follow in every case.

Mr. Wm. Day of Fort William, Ont., says in speaking of B.B.B.:—Two years ago my wife was very ill with dyspepsia. No remedy that she could find gave any relief; finally she tried Burdock Blood Bitters, and after taking six bottles was entirely cured. This is now more than two years ago and she had no return of the malady. I also have had occasion to use B.B.B and I cannot speak to highly in its favor.

I always recommend it to my friends and in every case with good results. Hoping this may be of use to you I am, Yours very truly,
WILLIAM DAY.

Special!

MERMAID } A fine new Toilet Soap that floats on top of the water, only 5c. a cake, worth 10c.

Complexion Soap } A new Toilet soap composed of Witch Hazel, Glycerine and Buttermilk, only 5c. a cake; as good as any 10c. cake we ever had.

Baby's Own Soap, 9c. per Cake, 3 for 25c.

Pine Tar Soap, 5c., or 6 for 25c.

Master Mechanics' Soap, 2 for 15c.

Glycerine, Brown Windsor, Mottled Castile, } three older makes of soap, 3 cakes for 5c.

Our Own Electric, 12 for 25c.

Hard Water Electric, 12 for 25c.

Queen's Laundry Soap, only 5c. Bar.

Chicago Hard Water Soap, 7 for 25c.

White-Wash Brushes.

Special Value this week at 10, 15, 20, 25 and 40c.

The BEEHIVE,

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR TROUBLE

If you are, we cannot help you, but we can give you the best 50c Corset in the city, equal to any 75c line shown—something special.

Hosiery.

Ladies' and Children's Hose in Lisle and Cotton. Large variety of prices. Fast colors. We keep the celebrated "Hermsdorf" brand of dye.

Gibson & Laidlaw,

Glasgow Warehouse.

BELLEVILLE BRIEFLETS.

(From Saturday's 5 p.m. Edition

Mr. P. B. Ball of Rock Island, Que., is in the city.

Several picnic parties went to Massassaga Park to-day on the steamer Annie Lake.

Miss Edyth McGonegal of Baldwinsville, N.Y., is visiting friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Hill are the guests of Mrs. Hill's mother, Mrs. H. Tammage, Hotel street.

Mr. John M. Ross of Hamilton, a former Belleville alderman, is renewing old acquaintances in the city.

Al. F. Field's "Darkest America" company gave a parade at noon to-day, which was witnessed by a large crowd of people.

John Cummings this morning laid information against Holley Wardbaugh for assault and battery. The case will come up Monday morning.

Mr. Fred Meagher of Montreal, brother of Mr. George Meagher, champion fancy skater, is in the city to-day. He has lately returned from a trip to Europe.

Mr. John M. Copeland, general passenger and freight agent of the Great Northern R.R., is visiting his father, Mr. J. Copeland, Foster avenue.

Several hundred copies of "Pointers" were distributed on the market to-day; and a large number will be given away in the Sunday schools of this district to-morrow.

Rev. W. W. Quick of New Edinboro will speak at the men's meeting at 4:15 to-morrow in the rooms of Y.M.C.A. The singing will be under the leadership of Prof. Canfield and the choir.

At the meeting of sergeants of the XV. battalion last night, it was decided to send a deputation of two sergeants to Peterboro next week to make arrangements for the battalion's visit to that town.

"The Board of Trade should hold its meetings in the afternoon," said a member to THE SUN to-day. "I believe meetings held at 4 or 5 o'clock in the afternoon would be attended by a much larger number than the evening meetings now are."

Mrs. Ivy Roblin, widow of the late I. Roblin and an old resident of the city, died at the residence of her daughter in Campbellford on Thursday. She was 72 years of age. One son and five daughters survive her. The remains were brought to the city and interred in the cemetery here to-day.

In the police court to day, Mordecai Johnston, charged with infringing the the truancy laws, was dismissed with a caution. The cases of Munley vs. Wallace and Wallace vs. Munley were settled out of court. Mrs. Boyce charged Constable Johnston with having taken an adopted child from her by force. The case was enlarged till Monday. Amos Frederick was charged with not supporting his wife. He did not appear and the case will come up later.

Messrs. Crossley and Hunter, the well-known evangelists, write under date of May 4 from Yarmouth, N.S.: We are in she midst of a gracious revival in this old town of Yarmouth, N.S. The Baptists, Methodists, Presbyterians and Congregationalists are heartily united in the work. The town is moved, the tide is rising higher daily. Even politics have to take a second place. As usual the churches are too small to hold the crowds.

Do You Love Him?

Then show it in little things as well as great. Give him the celebrated Windsor Table Salt in his food, and he will be healthier and happier. Never cakes; every crystal pure salt. Try it.

WELL WORTH READING.

"Darkest America" to-night.

The sale of household effects belonging to Thos. Duncan, which was advertised to take place on Tuesday, May 12, has been indefinitely postponed.

The May festival to be given by the pupils of Loretto Academy on Wednesday, May 13, promises to be a grand success. Admission 25c, reserved seats 35c. Plan at Riggs' store.

This is to certify that I have in use a Carbon Filter made by Messrs. Hart Bros. & Lazier. I have tested it very carefully, and find that it does its work perfectly, and would strongly recommend its use in every family. R. Tracy, M.D., medical health officer, Belleville. Call at Wm. McGee's. Prices reduced.

Some new samples of Mr. J. A. Consaul's upholstering are exhibited in Gibson & Laidlaw's window.

Chas. L. Davis will play in the opera house Thursday next, presenting Alvin Joslin.

Have you noticed how the ads. on page 6 are kept bright and interesting?

At Fish's special sale of underwear and King shirts to-night—bargains.—A. E. FISH & Co.

Saturday night shoppers should note McIntosh Bros'. advertisement.

FASHIONABLE GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Our special Balbriggan underwear, 90c. a suit. Colored shirts, light vests and neckwear.—CHAS. SCHUSTER.

The C.P.R. are now running their splendid "Upper Lake Steamers" from Owen Sound, Monday, Thursday and Saturday of every week. S. Burrows, general ticket agent, has plans and rates, also sells tickets good to start from Belleville station.

H. E. J. Borbridge has purchased the stock of W. C. Boorl. and refurnished the store with new stock. Owing to the advantages of purchase he is prepared to offer great bargains in jewelry. Jewelry is also manufactured on the premises, 25 Bridge street.

Wait for the event of the season, the arrival of the famous Mother Goose family in the city of Belleville, to be held on May 14, in St. Andrew's Church lecture room. Sale of fancy articles. Good programme and CONUNDRUM TEA all for 10 cents.

I have been asked if in offering my business for sale it was only as an advertisement. The business is for sale as advertised, but because of being for sale the stock will not be allowed to run down.—MISS C. MARTIN.

BOYS' AND MEN'S SWEATERS.

In navy blue, tan, cardinal, black and white, all prices, in stock at J. F. Harry's.

Square piano,—second hand, very cheap, also a few second hand organs. Terms to suit purchasers. H. Bull, manager Belleville branch of R. S. Williams & Sons Piano Co. (ltd). Corner Frank and Moira streets. Address box 89

Wyeth's Liquid Malt is a most agreeable and valuable nutrient, tonic and digestive agent, containing a large amount of nutritious extractive matter and the smallest percentage of alcohol found in any preparation of malt. To be procured at Geen's drug store; 35 cents bottle or three bottles for $1.

BANANAS.

The banana trade is already quite brisk and prices almost equal those of midsummer. Fresh candy daily.—GOLDSMITH, opposite the postoffice.

IN CHANGING UNDERWEAR

It will pay you to see Harry's stock—all kinds, all sizes, all prices. Two doors below Dickens'.

Black Suits.

A black suit made to order will cost you $20, $22 and $25. The Oak Hall will sell you these same suits at $10, $12 and $15. Times are hard. Do you want to save money? Good fit, good trimmings, first-class make and good goods. What more do you want? Give us a chance to show you these black suits.

A Bargain Window.

If you are interested enough in stationery to invest some money, you ought to take a look in our south window and see the display of note paper and envelopes. A box containing 250 cream wove envelopes, 35c; a package of superfine commercial note paper (100 sheets), 15c.—C. B. SCANTLEBURY.

NORWAY PINE SYRUP cures Coughs, Colds Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Sore Throat and all Lung Troubles.

What We Inherit

We are not to blame for. We cannot be held responsible for the dispositions and tendencies which we derive from our ancestors, nor are we responsible for the germs of disease which may manifest themselves in our blood as a heritage from former generations. But we are responsible if we allow these germs to develop into serious diseases which will impair our usefulness and destroy our happiness. We are responsible if we transmit to our descendents the disease germs which it is possible for us to eradicate by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one true blood purifier. This medicine has power to make rich, red blood and establish perfect health in place of disease.

BACKS RHODES.

Mr Chamberlain Spoke in His Favor in the Commons.

There Had Been Faults on Both Sides, the Colonial Secretary Says, and the Boers Had Frequently Invaded British Territory—An Ultimatum to Kruger Would Have Led to War—Kruger Had Not Been Threatened.

London, May 8.—The House of Commons was crowded with members and the press and strangers' galleries were filled with visitors to-day, upon the occasion of the presentation of the colonial estimates.

Sir William Harcourt, the leader of the Opposition, reminded the Government that an enquiry had been promised, with the object of ascertaining whether the British South Africa Co. was in the hands of fit and proper persons to be entrusted with the administration of the affairs of the company's territory. Continuing, he said that the trial of the members of the Johannesburg Reform Committee in Pretoria had disclosed important circumstances, and the Government now owed the country an authoritative statement. In the present condition of affairs, he said, he would confine his remarks to the position of the Chartered Company, into which enquiry was absolutely necessary, because it affected the relations between Great Britain and the South African Republic, and the relations between the English and the Dutch in South Africa. In the light of the recent disclosures, the case of Dr. Jameson had fallen directly into the background. What the Government had to consider was the matter of instructions under which Dr. Jameson had acted. From the cipher telegrams which had been interpreted and published, he declared, it was obvious that the whole affair had been conducted between Johannesburg and Cape Town, by the principal and responsible direction of the British South Africa Co.

Sir William said that the whole story was an inexpressibly revolting, sordid and squalid picture of stock jobbing Imperialism. He admitted that Mr. Chamberlain had been surrounded by difficulties, and had shown courage and decision worthy of his position, but the question was, what was the Government going to do?

Mr. Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary, said that the deplorable result of Jameson's raid had been to jeopardize English predominance in South Africa, and it had also delayed the concord of the two races, which was England's main policy. He was convinced, he said, that there had been faults on both sodes, but until they had got to the bottom of the matter, the Government could not properly judge the merits of the case. There had been frequent Boer invasions, he said, not merely into territory outside the Transvaal, but into British territory. Furthermore, the Boers had shown a great want of consideration for the rights of the Uitlanders.

Mr. Chamberlain further said that a harmonious settlement of the question of the rights of the Uitlanders had long been Mr. Rhodes' dearest object. If he could only have found a coworker in President Kruger, the results would have been beneficent in promoting the federation of the South African States, wherein local rights would have been fully regarded. Though recent events had sadly interfered with these objects, their accomplishment still remained the Government's chief aim. President Kruger's refusal to come to England at the Government's request, to modify the convention of 1884, had ended the prospects of a private conference upon the leading difficulties. What, then, he asked, ought to be the right step? It had been suggested that the Government ought to have sent an ultimatum to President Kruger. This would certainly have been rejected, and would have led to war. The Government, he declared, could not think of resorting to war in order to enforce internal reforms in the Transvaal. This declaration was received with cries of "Hear, hear."

Mr. Chamberlain further said that he had not threatened President Kruger at all, but had claimed the right to make friendly representations. President Kruger promised to consider these representations, and the Government awaited the fulfilment of his promise. In the meantime the Government had asked Sir Hercules Robinson, Governor of the Cape Colony, to come to England, but the request for him to come was not intended as a recall. In regard to the Chartered Company, he said he did not dispute the authenticity of the cipher telegrams which the Transvaal authorities had published, although there were as yet no legal proofs that they indicated complicity on the part of the directors of the company. (Hear, hear.) But, he continued, as regarding the actual invasion of the Transvaal there was reason to believe Mr. Rhodes had expressed his disapproval and had endeavored to stop the raid. Did the Opposition, he asked, demand the punishment of Mr. Rhodes? Whatever may have been Mr. Rhodes' errors he had also rendered great service which could not be forgotten. Mr. Rhodes was now deprived of power for mischief and the directors of the Chartered Company had shown their confidence in him by deferring their acceptance of his resignation. Considering the disturbed state of Rhodesia and the influence of Mr. Rhodes in that territory he did not blame the directors for their show of confidence. (Cheers.) The Government, Mr. Chamberlain went on to say, were opposed to making a promise that a searching inquiry would be made into the action of the Chartered Company at the present time. Such an inquiry, he said, must not be opened until the judicial proceedings connected with the Transvaal raid were ended. Then, he said, he would propose an inquiry by a joint committee of both Houses.

Making an Awful Fuss.

Washington, May 8.—To-morrow the Venezuelan Commission's chief historical expert, President George L. Burr, will sail for Holland to investigate the Dutch records bearing upon the Guiana boundary dispute.

BOYS HAVE FEELING.

Don't compel them to wear heavy, clumsy boots. $1 will buy a nice, neat low shoe, black or tan leather. Sizes 1 to 5. Smaller sizes only 75c.

HAINES & LOCKETT,

The Up-to-Date Shoe Men.

How to Get a Corset That Will Fit You.

Drop in the store when you need a corset and consult with our corset salespeople Tell them your corset troubles, where the faults lie, and we will guarantee that if you leave it to us the next corset will fit perfectly and wear well.

NATHAN JONES, Importer.

DOMINION REPORTS.

Promising Prospects in Many Places, Especially in Province of Ontario

The Dominion Meteorological Service has just issued the weather map for the month of April. It states that in the Province of Ontario the mean temperature of the month has been decidedly above the average. In the Maritime Provinces and Quebec the departures from the average were slight, while in Manitoba, the Territories and British Columbia the temperature ranged from three to six degrees below average.

The weather in Ontario was generally cool up to About April 13. At this time, however, the temperature suddenly rising from 15 to 20 degrees, vegetation made exceptionally rapid strides, more especially in the districts bordering on the Georgian Bay, where the mean temperature for the month was about ten degrees above average. The following is a summary of the reports received regarding the various counties in Ontario:

"In the counties of Wellington, Grey, Bruce and Huron the season is probably a week or ten days in advance of last year, and excepting in a few places where fall wheat has been winter killed it looks exceedingly well. Very favorable reports also are received of pasture lands, and of unusually fine weather for seeding. Middlesex, Elgin and counties to the westward: What has been said of the counties above will also apply to this district, excepting that reports of wheat are even more favorable. On April 30 peach, cherry and plum trees were in full bloom in many localities, and apple trees just blooming. The dates of the arrival of birds and the flowering of wild plants are exceptionally early. Perth, Waterloo, Wentworth and counties to the southward: In these counties, although all plant life is equally forward with that in counties last mentioned, reports of winter wheat are not so favorable, it apparently having been partly killed in many localities. Simcoe, Dufferin and Peel, and counties eastward to Hastings: All reports from these counties regarding the crops are most favorable, winter wheat and grass looking well and the weather being excellent for ploughing and seeding. Plant life generally may be said to be five or six days, and in the north part of Simcoe rather more, in advance of last year. Hastings, Prince Edward and counties eastward: Favorable reports generally have been received from these counties, the season being open and seeding well advanced. Fall wheat and clover, however, appear to have been partly winter killed in some districts. Algoma: It would appear from the few reports received from this district that the season is about normal, the rivers being open about the middle of April, and the leaves on the trees were just appearing on the last day of the month. Parry Sound, Muskoka and Haliburton: The season in these districts is exceptionally early, the dates of flowering of wild plants being in most cases earlier than in districts much further south. No unfavorable reports have been received regarding the crops, and the weather is regarded as most favorable to seeding."

A Horse and Buggy Stolen.

Hamilton, May 8.—(Special)—James Doxeter was arrested to-night charged with stealing J. D. Foreman's horse and buggy standing on Walnut-street north of King this afternoon. P. C. Moore made the arrest.

Perfect Wisdom.

Would give us perfect health. Because men and women are not perfectly wise, they must take medicines to keep themselves perfectly healthy. Pure, rich blood is the basis of good health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier. It gives good health because it builds upon the true foundation—pure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

Hair for the People of Canada's Great Northwest.

Prof. Dorenwend, the eminent Hair Specialist, is starting on his periodical trip across the continent to supply the hairless inhabitants with artificial covering. On his way he is taking in a few favored places in Ontario to supply old customers and such new ones as require his goods. He is noted from pole to pole and ocean to ocean for making fine goods. For ladies who follow the dictation of fashion he makes front pieces of curly or wavy hair really more attractive than the natural growth. His Switches for the back hair require no recommendation; the thousands in use testify to their popularity. For persons who have lost their hair I supply wigs, toupees, etc., which replace the loss and cannot be detected. You can profit by an interview with the professor. He will be here for one day only at Hotel Quinte, Belleville, on Friday, May 15.

Mrs. A. B. Saxton, of Port Burwell, Ont., says: "I had been troubled with sick headache for years and two boxes of Miller's Compound Iron Pills cured me." Sold by Alex Ray.

WHY SUFFER from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma or Bronchitis when perfect cure is so easy with Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup Price 25c.; all druggists.

Smoke Pride. best 5c cigar

THE LATEST STYLES

In Hats, Bonnets, Laces, Veilings, Kid Gloves, Etc., just received at

A. BRIGNALL'S

Millinery Parlors, Front street.

MISS M. CAMPBELL, Manager.

Vandervoort & Co.

390 Front street.

Two doors north of foot bridge.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

Hats and Furnishings.

This Stock Must be Cleaned Out at Once.

Big Bargains in White and Col. Shirts
" " Underwear,
" " Sweaters,
" " Ties, Socks and Braces
" " Collars and Cuffs,
" " Umbrellas,
" " Waterproof Coats,

VANDERVOORT & CO.

Hats and Men's Furnishings.

The Cook's Advice.

Mary had a can of Powder pure and cheap,
And everything that Mary baked
So fresh and spongy did keep,
That everybody wished to know
Where for their Baking Powder they should go;
To Stroud's of course, at 25c. a pound,
The cook's favorite will be found.

STROUD'S Palace Tea Store.

Special - Sale Of Fruit!

ORANGES 15c. per doz.
ORANGES, 2 doz. for 25c.
ORANGES 20c. per doz.
ORANGES, 2 doz. for 35c.
LEMONS, 10c. per doz.
LEMONS, 15c. per doz.
LEMONS, 20c. per doz.

Don't forget we are headquarters for Oysters.

Jas. Wallace & Co.

Telephone 172.

TERMS CASH

SPRING THOUGHTS

Have you a boat, bicycle, horse, cow, house or anything else to sell?

Now is the time to advertise it in THE SUN. The cost of twenty-five words is as follows:

One insertion..... 25c.
Four " ..... 75c.
Six " .....$1 00.
Each additional week..... 50c.

CASH IN ADVANCE

BIRD BREAD

(Pat'd 1891-1896, Reg. 1895.)

This article has so many imitations it is well to be sure the words "Bart Cottam" are on every label.

COTTAMS BIRD SEED

In 1 lb pkts., packed after April 15, contains patent B.B. Holder, Beak Sharpener and BIRD BREAD Sold everywhere

Read Cottams Book on Birds, Bird Foods